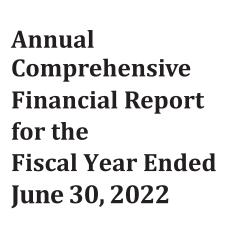


Excellence in Education: A Continuing Tradition

# River Forest Public Schools District 90 River Forest, Illinois









# River Forest Public Schools District 90 River Forest, Illinois

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

# **Official Issuing Report**

Anthony Cozzi, Director of Finance and Facilities

**Department Issuing Report** 

**Business Services** 

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
TABLE OF CONTENTS	i - iii
INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)	
Transmittal Letter	iv - xiii
Organizational Chart	xiv
Officers and Officials	XV
Association of School Business Officials International - Certificate of Excellence	xvi
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 5
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	6 - 17
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	20 - 21
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to	
the Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances (Deficits) - Governmental Funds	23 - 24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances (Deficits) of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	25 - 26
Notes to the Financial Statements	27 - 79
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios -	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	80 - 81
Multiyear Schedule of Contributions - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	82
Multiyear Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability -	
Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois	83 - 84
Multiyear Schedule of District Contributions - Teachers' Retirement System of the	
State of Illinois	85 - 86

(Continued)

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

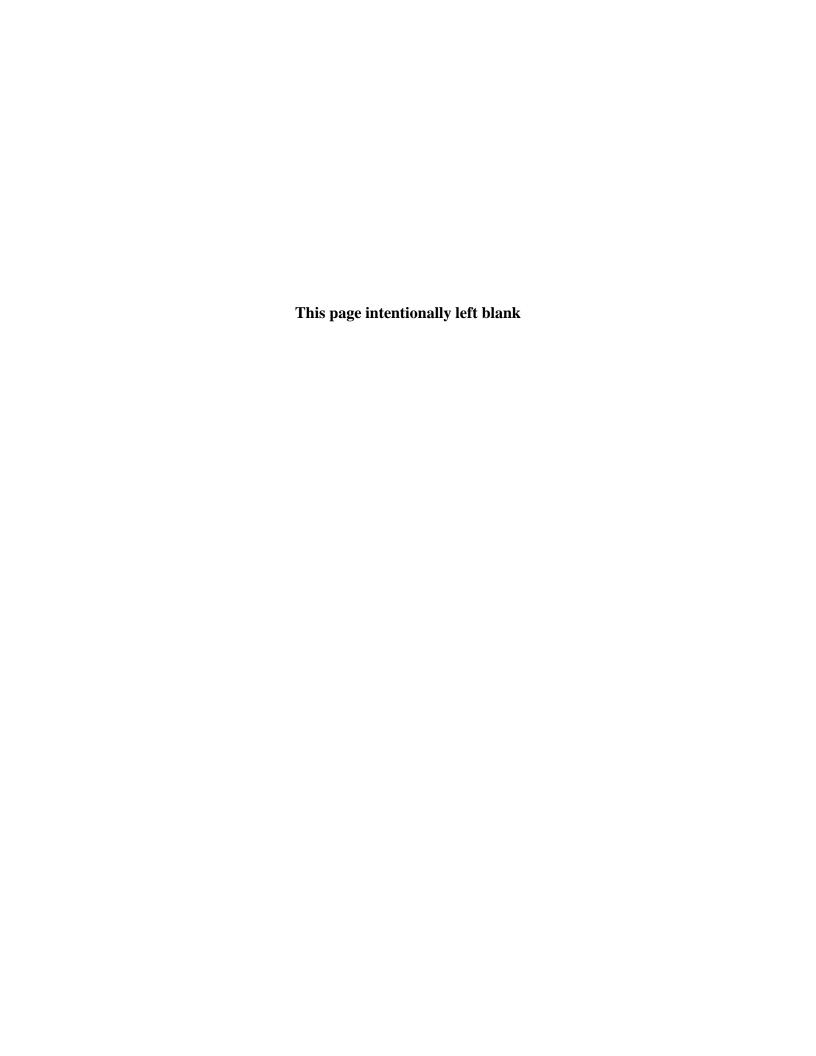
	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued)	
Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Total Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and	
Related Ratios - Retiree Health Plan	87 - 88
Multiyear Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment	
Benefit (OPEB) Liability - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	89 - 90
Multiyear Schedule of District Contributions - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	91 - 92
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund - Budgetary Basis	93 - 101
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits) -	
Budget and Actual - Operations and Maintenance Fund	102 - 103
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Transportation Fund	104
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	105 - 106
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	107 - 112
Supplementary Financial Information	
Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund	113
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - General Fund	114
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	115 - 116
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)-	
Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund	117
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Budget and Actual - Fire Prevention and Safety Fund	118

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Statistical Section Contents	119
Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	120 - 121
Changes In Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years	122 - 123
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	124 - 125
Governmental Funds Revenues - Last Ten Fiscal Years	126 - 127
Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio - Last Ten Fiscal Years	128 - 129
Governmental Funds Other Financing Sources and Uses	
and Net Change in Fund Balances - Last Ten Fiscal Years	130 - 131
Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
- Last Ten Tax Levy Years	132
Property Tax Rates - All Direct and Overlapping River Forest Township Governments	
- Last Ten Tax Levy Years	133 - 134
Principal Property Taxpayers in the District - Current Tax Levy Year and Nine Years Ago	135
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years	136
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	137
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	138
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	139
Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	140 - 141
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	142
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	143
Number of Employees by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	144 - 145
Number of Teachers, Levels of Degree, and Years of Experience	146
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	147 - 148
School Building Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	149 - 150
Miscellaneous Statistics	151

(Concluded)



# INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)



Administration Building 7776 Lake Street River Forest, Illinois 60305 708 • 771 • 8282 Fax 708 • 771 • 8291

December 21, 2022

President, Members of the Board of Education and Citizens of River Forest Public Schools District 90 River Forest, Illinois 60305

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of River Forest Public Schools District 90 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is submitted herewith. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. We believe that the data as presented is: (1) accurate in all material aspects; (2) presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the School District as shown by the disclosure of all financial activity of its various funds; and (3) that all disclosures necessary for maximum public understanding of the District's financial status have been incorporated in the report.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart, a list of principal officials and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award. The financial section includes the basic financial statements and the required supplementary information and other schedules, as well as the independent auditors' report. The statistical section includes a number of tables of unaudited data depicting the financial history of the District generally presented on a multiyear basis, demographics, and other miscellaneous information.

This report includes all funds of the District. The District reports on the accrual basis of accounting for its government-wide financial statements. The District reports on the modified accrual basis of accounting for its governmental fund financial statements. This basis is applied to the District's budget and accounting records. The notes to the financial statements expand upon this basis as well as the District's accounting policies and procedures. All District funds are included in this report and have been audited by Miller, Cooper & Co., Ltd.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the District provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

#### GENERAL DISTRICT INFORMATION

River Forest Public Schools District 90 was founded in 1850. It provides education for grades K-8 in three school buildings (two buildings containing 64 combined instructional spaces for grades K-4 and one building containing 48 instructional spaces for grades 5-8) on different sites located within the 2.25 square miles of the area that it serves. Present enrollment is 1,405. The capacity is rated in excess of 1,700. Enrollment projections through 2027 range from 1,190 on the low series to 1,561 on the high series.

Excellence in Education: A Continuing Tradition

#### GENERAL DISTRICT INFORMATION (Continued)

River Forest Public Schools District 90 is located in west central Cook County, Illinois, approximately ten miles west of Chicago's loop. The Village of Oak Park borders the District on its eastern boundary. The District's boundaries are coterminous with the Village of River Forest.

	<u>Population</u>		
	2000	2010	2020
River Forest	11,635	11,172	10,816
Oak Park	52,524	51,878	52,381

Residential buildings, churches, and educational institutions cover most of the community land. River Forest compares very favorably with Chicago and other western suburbs for median family income and home value.

	Median Household Income		Median Home Value		Value	
	2000	2010	2020	2000	2010	2020
Village of						
River Forest	\$ 122,155	\$ 156,835	\$ 129,928	\$ 386,600	\$ 618,200	\$ 596,900
City of Chicago	42,724	50,995	58,247	132,400	244,900	258,000
Village of						
Clarendon Hills	103,532	150,938	111,958	307,500	576,900	506,400
Village of Glen Ellyn	95,332	119,847	110,678	274,800	433,200	453,900
Village of Hinsdale	132,993	212,246	203,368	520,100	829,400	884,700
City of Naperville	101,590	121,713	125,926	254,200	394,000	416,700
Village of Oak Park	81,703	106,182	94,646	231,300	393,300	387,300
Village of						
Western Springs	108,870	141,799	174,760	323,900	557,600	609,900
City of Wheaton	90,475	107,438	103,376	222,100	357,400	358,000
Cook County	53,784	61,889	64,660	157,700	265,800	246,600
State of Illinois	55,545	65,417	65,886	130,800	202,500	194,500

Incorporated in 1880, the Village is a mature, largely single-family residential community. Two private colleges are located in the community: Concordia University, located in the Village for almost 110 years, with an enrollment of approximately 1,550 undergraduate students and 4,950 graduate students; and Dominican University, located in the Village for 100 years, with an enrollment of approximately 3,200, of which approximately 2,200 are undergraduates. Triton College (approximately 19,000 full-time and part-time students) also serves the community and is located in nearby River Grove. Oak Park and River Forest High School and two parochial high schools serve the secondary education needs of the area. Some 25 parks and recreational facilities and 54 churches and synagogues serve the Oak Park-River Forest community.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The District defines its reporting entity by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to potential component units. Briefly, a component unit is an organization for which the District is financially accountable or other organizations that, because of the nature or significance of their relationship with the District, would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete if they were omitted from the reporting entity. These criteria are discussed in more detail in Note A-1 to the financial statements.

#### **REPORTING ENTITY** (Continued)

Using these criteria, management has determined that the District has no component units, nor is it a component unit of any other organization.

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which are appropriate to local governmental units of this type. The presentation allows the reader to obtain an overview of the District's financial operations by viewing the financial statements in the front section of the report. Detailed presentations of the financial statements are available throughout the remainder of the report. All of the figures used in the following discussion were obtained or derived from these financial statements, included herewith.

In developing and evaluating the District's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal accounting controls. Such controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance for the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. We believe that our internal controls adequately safeguard District assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial data.

Budgetary control is maintained at the <u>subfunctional</u> level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to release of purchase orders. Purchase orders that overrun subfunction balances are not approved until the cost center level function is reapportioned. The Board of Education follows certain procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain comments. By September 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. By the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy resolution is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues. Management is authorized to transfer budget amounts, provided funds are transferred between the same function and object codes. The Board of Education is authorized to transfer up to a legal level of 10% of the total budget between functions within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education after the public hearing process mandated by law. All outstanding encumbrances are cancelled at year-end.

Monthly revenue and expenditure reports are provided to the building level administration and to the Board of Education comparing each object account balance by function to the annual budget figures.

Funds Purpose of Funds Purpose of Sources

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### General Fund:

Educational Account - To support all instructional aspects of the schools and administrative aspects of the District's operations

Property taxes
Corporate personal
property replacement
tax
State aid
Federal grants

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL (Continued)

**General Fund:** (Continued)

To provide temporary interfund **Working Cash Account -**Bond issue proceeds

loans to certain other funds Property taxes

Special Revenue Funds:

**Operations and** For operating, maintaining, Property taxes **Maintenance Fund** and repairing the District's Corporate personal

buildings and grounds property replacement

tax

**Transportation Fund -**To support all aspects of Property taxes

transporting students State grants

**Municipal Retirement/** To pay the District's portion Property taxes **Social Security Fund** of pension contributions to Corporate personal

IMRF as well as FICA and Medicare property replacement

tax

Debt Service Fund:

Debt Service Fund -To pay the principal and Property taxes

> interest due on long-term Transfers from other

liabilities funds

Capital Projects Funds:

To pay for major construction Transfer from other **Capital Projects Fund -**

> and renovations funds

Fire Prevention and To pay for major construction and Bond issue proceeds

Safety Fund renovations (state-approved projects) Property taxes

#### ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The local, regional, and state economies are diverse and are all facing complications from the recent recession. As the community is almost primarily residential, the District relies heavily on the assessment of its property values. The property values within the District were declining steadily for several years. They had, in fact, fallen below 2005 levels. As mentioned above, the District resides in Cook County. The large size of the county dictates reassessing value only once every three years. In tax year 2019, the values decreased a bit and, as the county assessor predicted, they significantly increased in the triennial reassessment year of 2020 at a rate of 15.0%. Values did decrease by 7.2% in tax year 2021. However, values do remain high, demand is rebounding, and all signs point to increasing valuations in the coming years.

#### **ECONOMIC OUTLOOK** (Continued)

In 1994, the Illinois General Assembly imposed property tax legislation on all Cook County school districts in order to give property taxpayers some relief by delaying tax increases each year. The legislation limits the levy increase to the lesser of the consumer price index (CPI) or five percent, and mandates the use of prior year equalized assessed valuation (EAV) amounts in order to generate property tax receipts. The use of the CPI and prior year EAV variables in property tax calculations is intended to delay increases in a school district's levy request. In addition, over the last ten years, the applicable CPI has averaged only 1.8%, significantly outpaced by the increase in expenditures. These factors force school districts, from time to time, to place a referendum question on the ballot and go to the voters in the community to approve a property tax rate increase.

In 1986, the Village of River Forest established the Redevelopment Project Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District in order to encourage development activity by designating a central business district. This was done to enhance the marketability of vacant properties and encourage private investment, which strengthens the community's economy, tax base, and business environment. The property tax portion of the TIF expired in tax year 2009. This added the total redevelopment assessed valuation (approximately \$64 million) to the tax roll and created a one-time property tax increase in tax year 2010 (fiscal year 2012) for the School District outside of the tax cap. The Village approved two new TIF developments, the first in 2017 and the second in 2019. As it was done successfully with the 1986 TIF, the District has negotiated intergovernmental agreements with the Village on each; both that provide for periodic surplus distributions and be used to offset the delay in property tax distributions from the twenty three year freeze in property value increases associated with the TIF districts.

Healthy fund balances are still evident from a series of permanent administrative budgetary cuts and an Educational Fund tax rate increase referendum that was approved by the voters of River Forest in March of 2006 and implemented for tax years 2005-2008. In addition, in June of 2015, the District partially abated and abolished its Working Cash Account to the Operations and Maintenance Fund and the Educational Account, respectively. This was the precursor to a \$9,300,000 taxable bond sale, which occurred in August of 2015, with the proceeds used to re-establish the Working Cash Account. These actions have been major factors in the continued health of those fund balances as shown in the long-range financial projections. However, as projected, the District began deficit spending starting in fiscal year 2019 and projects that deficit to increase exponentially over time. As long-range projections are fluid, the District will continue to closely monitor its spending practices each year in order to avoid a significant budget deficit reduction plan in the future.

#### EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION (EAV) CALCULATION

Assessment involves placing a value on real property. The assessed value represents the value of property for taxation purposes. The primary responsibility for the assessment of real property in the District is assigned to the Cook County Assessor's Office. One of the following approaches is applied to real property to measure its value:

- 1) Market Data comparing recent selling prices of similar properties.
- 2) **Cost** estimated cost of reproducing the property less accrued depreciation plus land value.
- 3) <u>Income</u> calculating the present worth of the income from an income-producing property.

An equalization factor (also referred to as a multiplier) is applied to the assessed value of the property by the Illinois Department of Revenue. The equalization factor eliminates the variation in assessments from county to county throughout the entire state.

#### EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION (EAV) CALCULATION (Continued)

Extension is the process of determining the tax rate needed to raise the revenues requested by the District. The tax rate to be used in the extension is the lesser of the computed tax rate necessary or the maximum voter-approved tax rate. The tax rate for each of the District's funds is added together to arrive at the District's aggregate tax rate. To calculate the property tax extended to the District from a parcel of property, the equalized assessed valuation of the property is multiplied by the District's aggregate tax rate.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The River Forest Public Schools District 90 2020-25 Strategic Plan provides a framework for continuous refinement of the educational experience offered by the District, while balancing the many and varied interests of the community. The Strategic Plan was crafted with the input of numerous stakeholders and stakeholder groups and represents both the practical and aspirational goals of our school community. Through the strategic planning process, the District has identified the following mission, vision, core values, and goals and strategies that will lead to continuous improvement in our efforts to "elevate the quality of life in River Forest".

#### **MISSION**

Inspire and empower all learners to achieve their personal best.

#### VISION

The D90 learning community will make a difference for all learners as they strive to achieve their personal best by:

- Equipping all learners with the critical skills and competencies to ensure their future success
- Creating caring, empathetic learners who are equipped with the social and emotional skills to value and respect individual and cultural differences
- Giving voice, choice, rigor, ownership, and self-sufficiency to each learner
- Facilitating joyful, growth-evoking learning experiences that ignite curiosity, creativity, and critical thinking
- Fostering trust, respect, stewardship, and pride within our learning community, with a focus on global citizenship

#### **CORE VALUES**

Academic Success, Personal Well-Being, Continuous Improvement, Shared Responsibility, and Equitable Opportunities & Resources

## **GOALS AND STRATEGIES**

GOALS AND STRATEGIES				
Goal One	Goal Two	Goal Three	Goal Four	Goal Five
Academic Success	Personal Well-Being	High Quality, Diverse Staff	Shared Responsibility	Equitable Opportunities & Resources
Ensure continuous development, growth, and achievement for all learners.	Provide a system of supports that readies each student for future success.	Recruit, develop, support, and retain high- quality, diverse staff.	Foster partnerships and shared responsibility between schools, families, and the community.	Demonstrate effective use and stewardship of public resources for all stakeholders.
Key Perfo	ormance Indicators, n	neasures and targets	will be aligned to ea	ch goal area
Goal One Strategies	Goal Two Strategies	Goal Three Strategies	Goal Four Strategies	Goal Five Strategies
Clarify grade level academic and non- academic curricular expectations for students and their families. Assist students to assess their academic growth and achievement performance relative to curricular expectations across grade levels.	Provide an equitable, high-quality education for all students. Improve student engagement, empowerment, voice, choice, and shared accountability. Strengthen opportunities to meet the social and emotional needs of all learners.	Ensure that staff are equipped to use evidence-based instructional practices and technology to make learning engaging, relevant, and inspiring. Improve opportunities for staff collaboration, engagement, innovation, and use of data.	Enhance parent engagement, partnerships, supports, and education about district performance and initiatives. Enhance community partnerships with local agencies, business, and high school partners to improve the quality of real- world learning experiences.	Upgrade existing facilities to create progressive and productive learning and working environments. Ensure that resources are expended in an equitable manner to maximize opportunities for all learners.

Above all else, teaching and learning remain the primary focus of all District initiatives. The District's student performance on state tests for all subjects tested and for all grade levels remains very high, with the strong majority of students across all demographic demonstrating high levels of proficiency on the NWEA Measures of Academic Progress (MAP) assessment. In order to maintain and build even further on this success, the District continues to engage in comprehensive reviews of local assessment practices, student performance data, K-8 curricula, instructional methodologies, and District-wide professional staff development. In response to the challenges of the global pandemic, strategic goal implementation has been difficult to achieve on the original timetable.

However, the District is now pursuing the goals with fervor, and identified over a dozen critical "essential objectives", began implementing them beginning in the 2021-22 school year and will continue through the associated years. Moreover, efforts continue to be made to implement the Illinois Learning Standards effectively and with fidelity, and the District is striving to implement all practices with a commitment to equity and belongingness.

The success of the District is also highly correlated to its outstanding leadership. The Board of Education has been strong, capable and supportive, working in unison for the success and betterment of our students, families, staff, and the broader community. The District is fortunate to have such strong and committed governance in place as we chart the course for high-quality education in the coming years.

The entire staff, including faculty, administrators and classified personnel, understand that our shared role supported our primary goal: ongoing student success. Therefore, all staff members are provided appropriate time, training, and other resources in order to help them fulfill this mission.

An essential focus for the District is educational equity. A significant amount of time and research is being devoted to ensuring that students, staff and families are being provided with equitable access to the opportunities provided across the learning community.

The District continues to implement the goals of its technology plan. Our staff and teachers continue to have their technology refreshed every four years to keep up with the changing environment. Every classroom has had its SMART interactive display panels replaced and the school building's gymnasiums and auditoriums have had additional Wi-Fi access points installed to better facilitate large training sessions and student testing. A significant aspect of the District's technology plan continues to be support of our one-to-one iPad deployment program for all students. We continue to refresh iPads for grades two and five each year.

The District's main internet connection has been upgraded to a 10GB fiber circuit with a current connection egress of 4GB. Additional exterior wireless access points were installed at Roosevelt Middle School to support outside connectivity. Additional classroom wireless access points were installed at Willard Elementary School to support increased device usage. The District continues to implement computerized student assessment programs in conjunction with curricular Response to Intervention (RtI) initiatives and continues to utilize state and local electronic assessments. The District continues to implement and refine device monitoring and filtering systems for teacher laptops, student and teacher iPads as well as utilizing BackBlaze cloud backups for administration computers.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

<u>The School Code of Illinois</u> and the District's adopted policy require an annual audit of the basic financial statements of the District. The audit is performed by independent certified public accountants selected by the District's Board of Education. The independent auditors' report has been included in the financial section of this report.

#### PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE

Each year, the District prepares and analyzes long-range financial projections and facility projections that incorporate recent implications as well as significant assumptions about future prospects. Items that are considered most significant are summarized below and discussed in detail in the MD&A.

Long-range financial projections show that, over the next five years, the District will continue to implement a tax levy allocation strategy to keep adequate fund balances in its operating funds. However, a legislative proposal to shift pension costs to the local school districts is a significant factor in the District projected operating fund deficit spending. Therefore, in addition to the levy allocation strategy, the District will also continue to fully access its debt service extension base and issue bonds when necessary to fund future capital projects and cover future operating fund deficits. This strategy will avoid the District going to its residents for a property tax increase in the near future.

The Village of River Forest continues to have an amount remaining in the expired 1986 TIF that is allocated to ongoing final projects. At the conclusion of those projects, if any balance remains, a final surplus distribution will be made. To be conservative, the District does not include a final distribution in its long-range projections.

The collective bargaining agreement with the teachers union ties components of compensation directly to the consumer price index, as well as providing for more instructional and staff development time to the school day and school year. Negotiations for the current collective bargaining agreement were held in early 2021 and resulted in a four-year agreement. The agreement was ratified in August of 2021 and will remain in effect until August of 2025. The agreement continues the compensation philosophy described above and also includes a multi-tiered health insurance benefit structure. Finally, the agreement continues to incorporate defined planning and instructional time for teachers, which offers them the opportunity to be compensated for pre-approved curriculum work based on the significant work demands related to the development of new areas for student learning needed for the successful implementation of the Common Core State Standards.

Negotiations for the newly formed teacher aides union began in early 2022. Those negotiations focused on also tying components of compensation directly to the consumer price index, as well as codifying many current practices into a formal agreement. Negotiations also resulted in a four-year agreement. The agreement was ratified in November of 2022, while being retroactively applied to August of 2022 and will remain in effect until August of 2026. The agreement also implements the compensation and benefit philosophies above.

The school district embarked on a review process in the fall of 2022 to determine the degree to which the current kindergarten program model is continuing to meet the needs of students, families, and the school community. Areas of focus for this review process include academic research related to kindergarten, data and demographics, finances, facilities, communication, and how to gather survey feedback from school community stakeholders effectively. At the conclusion of the review process, it is expected that the Board of Education will consider a recommendation to either retain or adjust the current program model. If a program change is recommended and implemented, it would likely involve a shift from a part-day to a full-day model. Shifting to a full-day kindergarten program model would require additional expenditures that would have a notable impact on long-term financial projections.

The District continues with annual revisions to it multiyear facilities plan for its three aging buildings. Lincoln School was built in 1952, Roosevelt School in 1923, and Willard School in 1929. The District's latest WAN infrastructure upgrade was completed during the summer of 2022. Remote buildings are now connected to the network head-end at Roosevelt Middle School at 10GB via leased private fiber. The District is soliciting quotes to upgrade several current MDF to IDF 1GB fiber runs at Roosevelt Middle School and Lincoln Elementary School to support 10GB throughput.

#### AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Excellence, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to the program's standards. Such a report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to conform to the program's requirements, and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

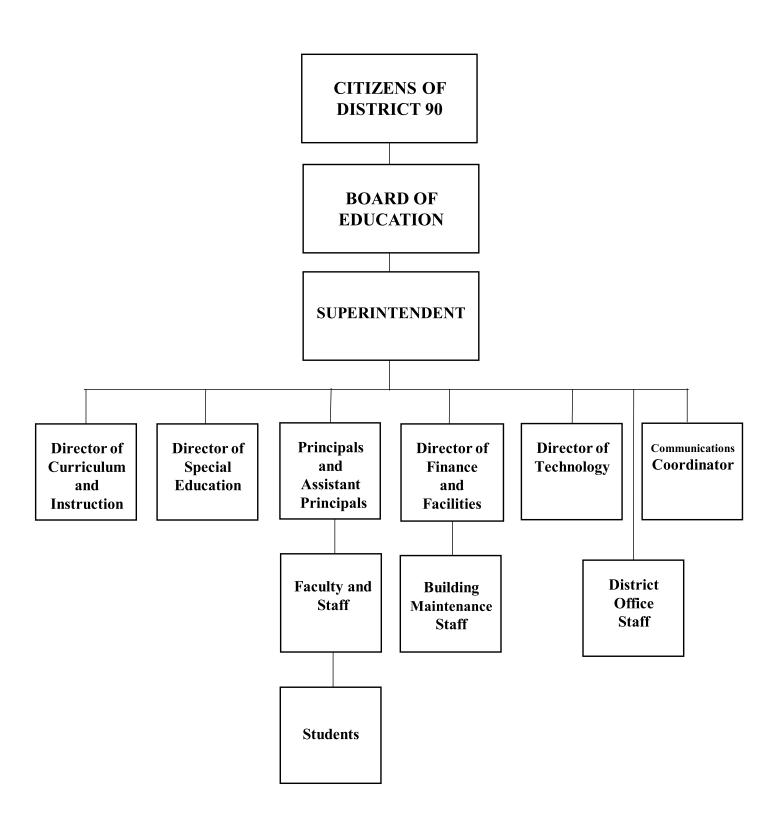
We would like to express appreciation to all the members of the Staff who assisted in the timely closing of the District's financial records and the preparation of this report. We would like to thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Edward Condon, Superintendent

Anthony Cozzi, Director of Finance and Facilities

# RIVER FOREST PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT 90 ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



# 7776 Lake Street River Forest, Illinois 60305

## **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

#### **Officers and Officials**

## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Board of Education**

		Term Expires
		(April)
Barbara Hickey	President	2023
Stacey Williams	Vice-President	2025
Nicole Thompson	Secretary	2025
Cal Davis	Member	2023
Richard Moore	Member	2023
Katie Avalos	Member	2025
Sarah Eckmann	Member	2025

#### **District Administration**

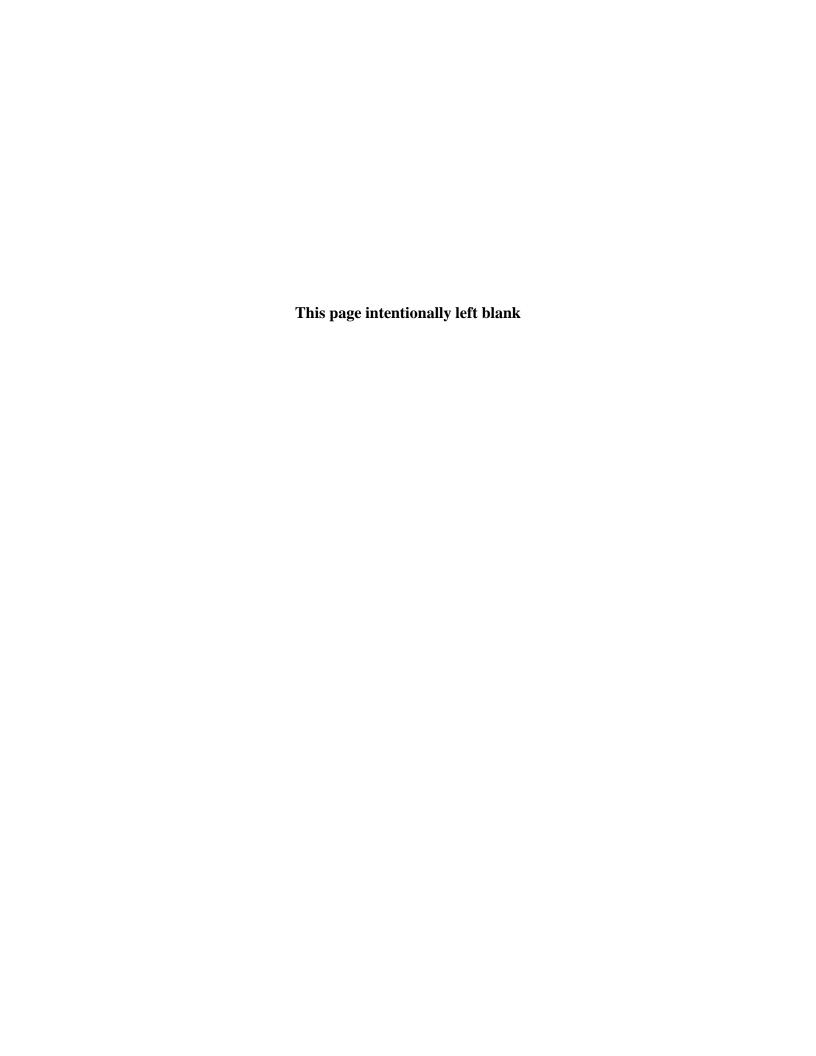
Dr. Edward Condon	Superintendent
Dr. Alison Hawley	Director of Curriculum and Instruction
Anthony Cozzi	Director of Finance and Facilities
Diane Wood	Principal, Willard Elementary
Casey Godfrey	Principal, Lincoln Elementary
Larry Garstki	Principal, Roosevelt Middle School
Tina Steketee	Assistant Principal, Roosevelt
	Middle School
Christine Gerges	Assistant Principal, Lincoln and
	Willard School
Kevin Martin	Director of Technology
Debbie Lubeck	Director of Student Services

## **Official Issuing Report**

Anthony Cozzi Director of Finance and Facilities

## **Department Issuing Report**

**Business Services** 





# The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **River Forest Public Schools District 90**

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter
President

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David J. Lewis
Executive Director



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of the Board of Education River Forest Public Schools District 90 River Forest, Illinois

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of River Forest Public Schools District 90 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

(Continued)

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements** (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

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#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 17, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois pension data on pages 77 through 83, the other postemployment benefits data on page 84 through 86, budgetary comparison schedules and notes to the required supplementary information on pages 87 through 107 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Financial Information**

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2022 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary financial information, as listed in the table of contents, for the year ended June 30, 2022 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary financial information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Supplementary Information** (Continued)

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of River Forest Public Schools District 90, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2021, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund and Fire Prevention and Safety Fund with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2021 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund and Fire Prevention and Safety were subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2021 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those basic financial statements or to those basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual for the Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund and Fire Prevention and Safety Fund are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

(Continued)

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2022, on our consideration of District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MILLER, COOPER & CO., LTD.

Miller, Cooper & Co., LTO.

Certified Public Accountants

Deerfield, Illinois December 21, 2022

The management discussion and analysis (the "MD&A") of River Forest Public Schools District 90's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the transmittal letter found in the introductory section and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

# **Financial Highlights**

- General revenues accounted for \$26,384 in revenues, or 73% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and fees and grants accounted for \$10,001, or 27% of total revenues of \$36,385.
- The District had \$35,108 in expenses related to governmental activities. However, only \$10,001 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges and grants. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$26,384 were adequate to provide for the remainder of the costs of these programs. This allowed the District to add to its net position.
- The total net position was \$29,870. This was an increase of \$1,277, or 4.5% from 2021. Of the \$29,870, there was \$5,745 of unrestricted net position available to be used to meet the District's current obligations.
- Among major funds in fiscal year 2022, General Fund revenues were \$30,760. The revenues consisted primarily of property taxes, and state and federal aid. Expenditures for the same period were \$31,216. This, plus a lease liability issuance of \$30, less transfers out to the Operations and Maintenance Fund of \$2,200 and to the Debt Service Fund of \$113, resulted in a decrease to General Fund's fund balance as of June 30, 2022 to \$28,976.
- The District made the sixth principal payment on its long-term general obligation bonds, which were issued in fiscal year 2016. These bonds are scheduled to be completely retired in fiscal year 2024. The District also made the first principal payment on its long-term general obligation bonds, which were issue in fiscal year 2021. Those bonds are scheduled to be completely retired in fiscal year 2026. The District's outstanding long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 were \$18,666, which included Teachers' Retirement System of Illinois (TRS) net pension liability as well as the other postemployment benefit liabilities of the District's Retiree Health Plan (RHP) and the Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS). In 2022, the IMRF plan fiduciary net position exceed the total pension liability once again resulting in a net pension asset.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of the following components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements,
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary financial information in addition to the basic financial statements.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements** (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services (regular education, special education, and other), supporting services, operations and maintenance of facilities, transportation services, and debt service.

#### Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are included in the governmental funds (the District maintains no proprietary or fiduciary funds).

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a school district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements** (Continued)

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a better understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, including fund budgetary data, as well as pension data related to TRS and IMRF, and funding for the RHP and THIS other postemployment benefits.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Table 1 Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands of dollars)			
		<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$	49,623 \$	48,586
Capital assets		19,082	19,676
Total assets		68,705	68,262
Deferred outflows related to pensions		914	376
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits		1,408	1,184
Total deferred outflows		2,322	1,560
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities		1,860	1,570
Long-term liabilities		23,587	18,666
Total liabilities		25,447	20,236
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for a future period		11,491	11,205
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,049	2,126
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits		3,447	6,385
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,987	19,716
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		18,212	19,329
Restricted		4,641	4,796
Unrestricted		5,740	5,745
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	28,593 \$	29,870

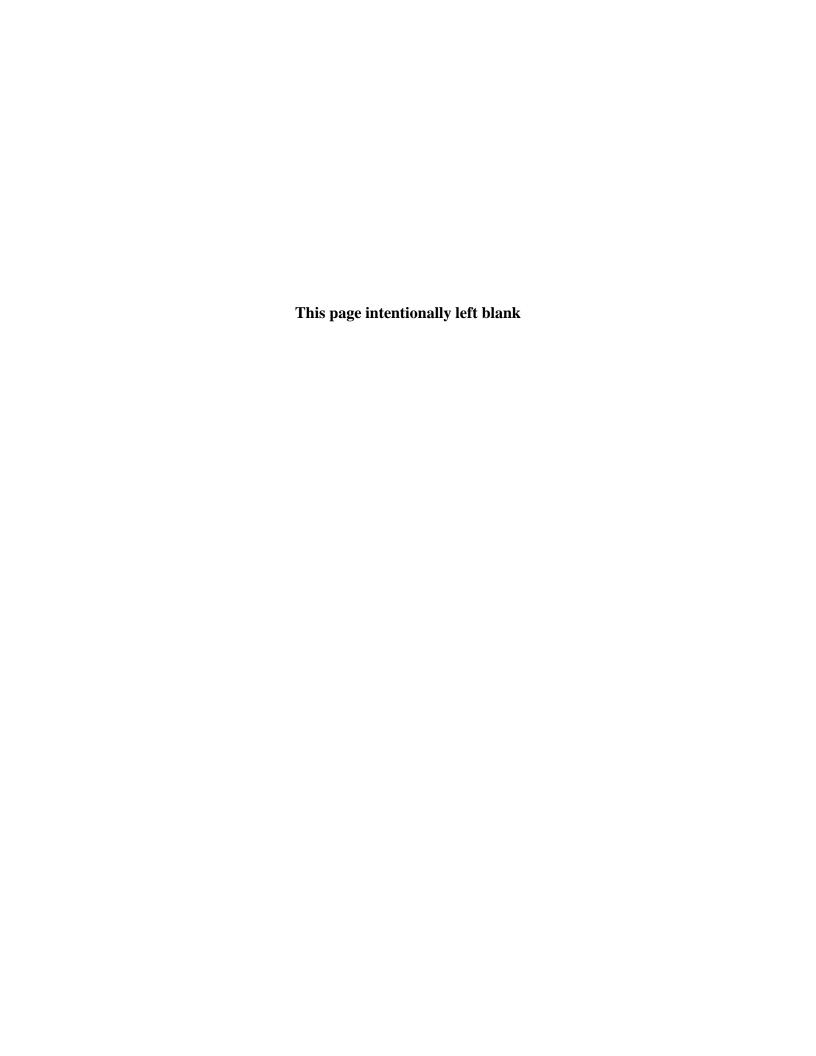
The District's current and other assets were lower by \$1,037, due mainly to a \$1,880 decrease in cash and investments, a \$465 decrease in receivables, offset by a \$1,308 increase in the IMRF net pension asset. Capital assets increased by \$594. Current liabilities were lower by \$290, due mainly to a decrease in accounts payable. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$4,921, due mainly to the general obligation bond activity and changes in net pension and postemployment benefit liabilities.

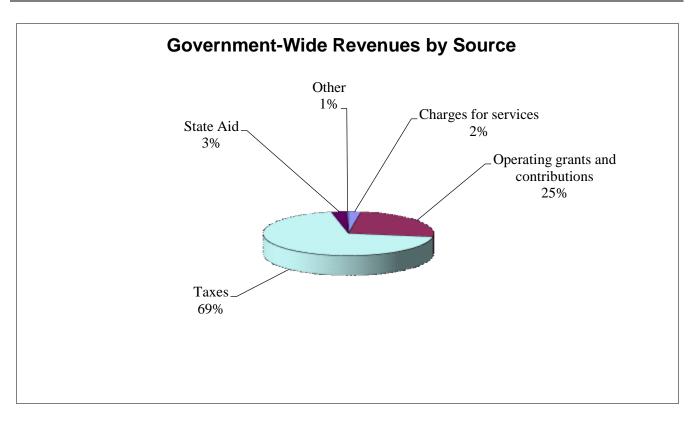
# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis** (Continued)

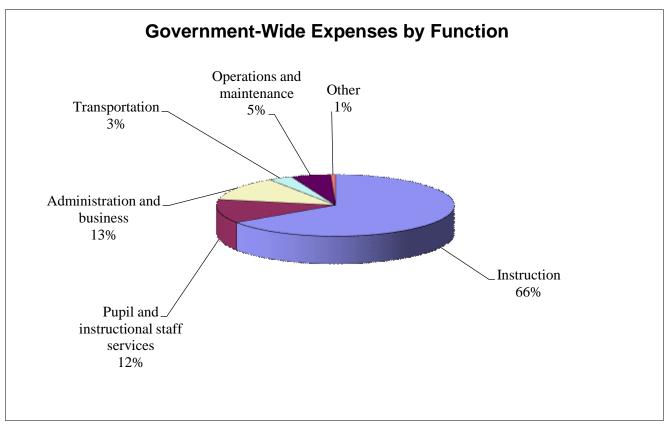
Table 2 Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars)			
		<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	589 \$	858
Operating grants and contributions		13,735	9,143
General revenues:			
Taxes		23,889	25,188
State aid formula grants		1,074	1,076
Other		447	120
Total revenues		39,734	36,385
Expenses:			
Instruction		27,969	23,009
Pupil and instructional staff services		4,202	4,366
Administration and business		4,790	4,440
Transportation		614	1,153
Operations and maintenance		1,864	1,902
Other		358	238
Total expenses		39,797	35,108
Increase (decrease) in net position		(63)	1,277
Net position, beginning of year		28,656	28,593
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	28,593 \$	29,870

Property taxes and personal property replacement taxes accounted for the largest portion of the District's revenues, contributing 69%. The remainder of revenues came from state and federal grants and other sources. The total cost of all of the District's programs was \$35,108, with instructing and caring for the students representing 78% of the total.

Revenues in the governmental activities of the District of \$36,385 exceeded expenses by \$1,277. A decrease in state retirement contributions of \$4,778; and a decrease in investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenues of \$327, offset by the increase in property and replacement taxes of \$1,299; and the increase in charges for services of \$269, were the primary reasons for the increase in revenues. The decrease in expenses of \$4,689 was due mainly to the decrease in corresponding state retirement contributions as the decrease in Administration and business expenses and the increase in Transportation costs offset each other.







# Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's governmental funds had a fund balance of \$33,677 as of June 30, 2022. This is a decrease of \$1,772 from the prior year fund balance of \$35,449. Only one of the seven governmental funds had more revenues than expenditures in 2022. The only excess was in the Operations and Maintenance Fund, while the largest deficiency was in the Capital Projects Fund. An analysis of the individual major funds is as follows:

*General Fund:* The revenues in the General Fund were \$30,760. This was an increase of \$1,697, or 5.8% from the prior year. This was due to an increase in property taxes and replacement taxes of \$715, an increase in State aid of \$804 (in which, \$864 was actually the increase in State retirement contributions), an increase in Federal aid of \$211, offset by a decrease in interest earnings and other revenues of \$33.

Total expenditures were \$31,216. This was an increase of \$1,534, also 5.2% from the prior year. This was due primarily to an increase in Instruction of \$1,065, an increase in Support Services of \$352, and an increase in Capital Outlay of \$117. Of the Instruction amount, \$56 was due to the expansion of the Power Scholars Academy summer school program run by the West Cook YMCA; \$82 was attributable to an increase in bilingual program salaries and benefits; and \$864 was attributable to the increase in on-behalf contributions to the Teachers Retirement System. The District recognizes the on-behalf contributions as state aid revenues and these are also the primary reason for the increase in state aid. Of the Support Services amount, \$432 was attributable an increase in improvement of instruction services salaries and benefits; \$76 was attributable to educational media services salaries and benefits; \$399 was attributable to an increase in food services salaries, benefits and supplies and materials; all offset by a \$646 decrease in tort immunity services purchased services. The increase in improvement of instruction services and food services was due to the reinstatement of extra duty payments for club sponsorship, other stipends and lunch program supervision since COVID-related restrictions have been lifted. The decrease in tort immunity services purchased services were due to previous year's COVID-related measures. Capital Outlay increased due primarily to a \$30 capital lease equipment added to the print management system as well as an \$83 increase in special education program capital equipment purchased through new federal grant funding. As a result, in addition to transfers out to other funds, which included a scheduled \$2,200 abatement of Working Cash to the Operations and Maintenance Fund and a scheduled transfer of \$113 to the Debt Service Fund, net of the aforementioned \$30 lease liability issued, the fund balance decreased by \$2,739 to \$28,976.

*Operations and Maintenance Fund:* The revenues in the Operations and Maintenance Fund were \$2,261. This was an increase of \$133, or 6.2% from the prior year. Property and replacement taxes increased by \$130, while interest and other local sources increased by \$3.

Total expenditures were \$1,682. This was a decrease of \$33, or 1.9% from the prior year. The largest decrease was in Capital Outlay as the number of minor facility projects performed in the summer of 2021 were less than in the previous summer. That, along with the \$2,200 transfer in from Working Cash offset by transfers out to pay for capital projects of \$2,422, resulted in an increase to fund balance of \$357 to \$1,062.

Transportation Fund: The revenues in the Transportation Fund were \$1,044. This was an increase of \$263, or 33.6% from the prior year. This was due to an increase in property taxes of \$230 and an increase in state aid of \$37, offset by a decrease in interest of \$4. The increase in property taxes is the result of a levy strategy to allocate additional taxes to the fund when the fund balance is reduced to a certain level over time. Expenditures increased by \$539, or 87.7% to \$1,153, due almost exclusively to the reinstatement of transportation services as COVID restrictions were lifted as well as vendors passing through fuel escalation charges to the District as fuel costs skyrocket across the metropolitan area. As a result, the fund balance decreased by \$109 to \$556.

# Financial Analysis of the District's Funds (Continued)

*Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund:* The revenues in the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund were \$630, which increased by \$8, or 1.3% from the prior year. Expenditures were \$683, which was an increase of \$19, or 2.9% from the prior year, which is due to fixed IMRF, Social Security and Medicare contribution rates, formula-based from salaries. As a result, the fund balance decreased by \$54 to \$78.

**Debt Service Fund:** The revenues in the Debt Service Fund were \$1,587, which was an increase of \$74 from the prior year. Expenditures were \$1,600 and were for the repayment of outstanding long-term liabilities. As a result, along with net transfers from other funds, the fund balance increased by \$100 to \$1,855.

Capital Projects Fund: The only activity in the Capital Projects Fund was the significant capital expenditures and associated architectural/engineering costs of \$1,606 and \$2,422 in transfers in from the Operations and Maintenance Fund to cover a portion those expenditures. As a result, the fund deficit was reduced to \$108 and will be funded through future interfund transfers.

*Fire Prevention and Safety Fund:* The revenues in the Fire Prevention and Safety Fund were \$262, which is an increase of \$119 from the prior year. Expenditures were \$406, which represented the second of three years of life safety construction projects. As a result, the fund balance decreased to \$1,258.

The state of the District's finances can be attributed to a strong real estate tax base, even with a slight decrease in property values in tax year 2021 and to the budgetary controls that have been put in place by the Board of Education. Due to the growing reliance on local revenue sources and the restrictions of the tax cap legislation in conjunction with the escalating costs associated with the delivery of state and federal mandated education services, the District was forced to make a series of permanent administrative budgetary cuts. Those cuts and an Educational Fund tax rate increase referendum that was approved by the voters of River Forest back in March of 2006 and implemented for tax years 2005-2008, forged the financial path for the District for the foreseeable future, as healthy fund balances are still evident in the current long-range financial projections. Those long-range financial projections are consistently monitored and updated each year for the Board to assess the financial health of the District. Twice in the last ten years the Board has decided to either reduce its levy or not levy for a voter-authorized amount, most recently in November of 2012, when the Board decided to reduce the levy by 2.1% from the prior year in order to provide financial relief to the residents.

The District made interfund transfers during the year which represented principal and interest payments on leases and transfers to cover a portion of significant capital projects. In addition to formal, Board-approved interfund transfers, the District utilized the flexibility of its tax levy as a strategy to allocate revenues to the funds in most need.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District did not revise the annual operating budget. The District's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenues by \$828, while the actual expenditures exceeded revenues by \$456.

Actual revenues were \$675 higher than budgeted amounts. That variance was attributable to a variety of factors. Property tax collections and replacement taxes were \$853 higher than expected. In addition, in the prior year, the District refunded a significant portion of lunch supervision registration fees due to the cancellation of the lunch program causing the 2021 lunch sales to be lower. Furthermore, in that year, the pandemic had a negative effect on other local fees and student-related activities resulting in lower amounts. However, in the current year, as

COVID-related restrictions were lifted, lunch sales and other registration fees and other student-related activities returned, the District recognized an increase of \$194 in those areas. Finally, offsetting these amounts, interest on investments was \$179 lower than in the previous year. State funds were \$68 lower than expected and federal funds were \$148 lower than expected due to a delay in distributions from the State Board of Education.

Actual expenditures were \$302 higher than budgeted amounts due primarily to more than expected: Summer School Programs salaries, benefits and purchased services of \$76 (due to lifting of COVID-related restrictions and expansion of the program); Improvement of Instruction Services salaries and benefits of \$275 (due to reinstatement of extracurricular activities); Educational Media Services salaries and benefits of \$31; Educational Media Services capital outlay of \$81; Food Services salaries and benefits of \$154 (due to reinstatement of the lunch supervision program); Internal Services salaries and benefits of \$90 (due to an ever increasing need for substitute teachers; all offset by Regular Programs salaries, benefits and purchased services of \$98; Special Education Programs purchased services of \$141; Special Education Private Tuition of \$49; Tort Immunity Services purchased services of \$66; and a provision for contingences of \$50 that were higher than expected.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

By the end of 2022, the District had compiled a total investment of \$40,409 (\$19,676, net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets including buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, land, and equipment and vehicles as well as assets not placed in service and right to use assets. During the current year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. That implementation required the District to recognize intangible right to use lease assets. The District recognized equipment as those assets. Therefore, it recategorized the applicable portion of equipment from 2021 as well as recognizing the amount for 2022 and presented those amounts in the table below. Total depreciation and amortization expense for the year was \$1,936.

The current facilities adequately accommodate the District's enrollment. In 2012, 2016 and 2019, the District spent significant resources towards correcting its space utilization issues. As enrollment and needs for supporting services grow, the continued monitoring of space issues will be given the highest priority with regard to future building improvements. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note D of the notes to the financial statements.

Table 3 Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in thousands of dollars)							
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>					
\$	610 \$	610					
	263	684					
	911	106					
	127	108					
	11,797	13,211					
	2,634	2,497					
	2,740	2,460					
\$	19,082 \$	19,676					
	\$	\$ 610 \$ 263 911 127 11,797 2,634 2,740					

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration** (Continued)

Long-term liabilities

The District retired \$1,300 in existing bonds and \$73 of the bond premium (from the 2015 and 2020 issuances) in 2022. Lease liabilities and other long-term liabilities decreased by \$3,548, due mainly to the \$3,471 net decreases in net pension liabilities and other postemployment benefit liabilities and the \$77 net decrease in lease liabilities. The TRS net pension liability decreased by \$172, and the total other postemployment benefit liabilities decreased by \$3,308, while compensated absences increased by \$9. At the end of fiscal 2022, the District had a debt limit of \$41,008, of which \$37,059 is available. More detailed information on long-term liabilities can be found in Note E of the notes to the financial statements.

Table 4 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities (in thousands of dollars)			
		<u>2021</u>	2022
General obligation bonds	\$	5,200 \$	3,900
Bond premium, net of amortization		282	209
TRS net pension liability		1,348	1,176
Other postemployment benefit liabilities		16,518	13,210
Lease liabilities and other liabilities		239	171
Total	<u>\$</u>	23,587 \$	18,666

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that will significantly affect financial operations in the future:

The District is subject to the property tax cap, which limits the amount of property tax revenue that the District is able to generate. A limiting tax rate is calculated based on the total property values in the District and requested levy. Due to the fact that the increase in tax revenues is set by the increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), the remaining variables are the tax rate and the property values. Those variables have an inverse relationship; as one increases, the other decreases. In times when the increase in property values significantly outpaces the increase in the CPI, the limiting rate actually decreases. That occurred in the District in tax years 2008-2010. Conversely, when property values significantly decrease, the opposite change, or increase in the rate takes place. That occurred in tax years 2011-2015. In fact, total property values decreased over 33% in that time. Furthermore, the decline in property values and individual levy rate ceilings caused the District to significantly change its levy allocation strategy. That strategy is expected to continue for a couple of years as property values rebound. As predicted by the county assessor's office, property values did significantly increase at a rate of almost 21% in the triennial reassessment tax year 2017, yet did fall back by almost 4% in tax year 2018 and a little over 1% in tax year 2019. Property values did increase 15% in the triennial reassessment tax year 2020, but decreased 7% in tax year 2021.

# Factors Bearing on the District's Future (Continued)

In August of 2017, the Evidence-Based Funding for Student Success Act was signed into law, which comprehensively changed the way Illinois school districts receive the bulk of state funds. This was the necessary first step toward ensuring all Illinois school districts have the resources they need to provide a safe, rigorous and well-rounded learning environment for all students. It demonstrated new mindsets for understanding the relationship between equity, adequacy and student outcomes. A base funding minimum was set and based on prior year funding. Therefore, a hold harmless provision ensured that no school district received less funding than the prior year. School districts were classified into four tiers, with Tiers 1 and 2 receiving the bulk of any additional funding, while Tiers 3 and 4 will receive very little new funding. Based on its current local resources, the District continues to be classified as a Tier 4 school district and thus, the new funding structure will not affect the long-range financial projections. In fact, in 2022, the District once again received less than \$2 in additional Evidenced-Based funding on top of the base funding minimum from the prior year.

After reviewing the District's current long-range financial projections, it was determined that the financial condition will continue to be strong over the next few years. The projections, while only presenting five years, give enough evidence to be able to estimate that the District will not have to go to the residents to approve another tax rate increase for at least six years. One important note, however, is that the District continues to deficit spend in its operating funds. In fact, the District anticipates the deficit to increase exponentially through the end of the projections. However, the possible reduced property tax revenue collections did not materialize thanks to the property owners in the community and to the county treasurer for delaying property tax bills. Any significant reduction in those collections could have skewed the forecasts for the upcoming years. The District will also continue to utilize its levy allocation strategy to maximize its property tax revenue in the funds in most need; utilize its available Working Cash funds to cover any fund deficits; as well as utilize its debt service extension base to periodically issue debt, without increasing its financial burden on the residents of the community. The next scheduled bond issuance is planned for December of 2023. Ultimately, though, increased deficit spending is not a sustainable way to operate. Therefore, the District plans to analyze its staffing plan each year more closely (personnel costs are its largest expenditure) to avoid a more significant budget deficit reduction plan in the future.

The current collective bargaining agreement with the teacher's union will remain in effect through August of 2025. As it was in the previous four contracts going back to 2007, this contract continues to reflect the effort to tie components of compensation directly to CPI. Furthermore, the agreement continues to limit the costs for employee health insurance benefits using multi-tiered benefit plans. The agreement continues to value professional development for the teaching staff, with language that best aligns professional development opportunities with the compensation practices and the Board's strategic plan.

Negotiations for the newly formed teacher aides union began in early 2022. Those negotiations focused on also tying components of compensation directly to the consumer price index, as well as codifying many current practices into a formal agreement. Negotiations resulted in a four-year agreement. The agreement was ratified in November of 2022, while being retroactively applied to August of 2022 and will remain in effect until August of 2026. The agreement also implements the compensation and benefit philosophies above.

While basic enrollment projections have been prepared for the District since 1964, birth data and real estate sales are the major factors driving enrollment. So, in 2005, 2010, 2014 and in 2017, the District contracted with an outside consultant to perform a comprehensive geodemographic study to predict upcoming enrollment trends and facility needs. The District understands that through a close monitoring of the trends, it will be better prepared for future facility and student needs. Total enrollment only increased by 1.4% in 2022, that result is completely attributable to the easing of the global pandemic. Over the last ten years, enrollment has increased 5.2%. Looking ahead, the District-wide enrollment projects to remain steady.

# Factors Bearing on the District's Future (Continued)

The school district embarked on a review process in the fall of 2022 to determine the degree to which the current kindergarten program model is continuing to meet the needs of students, families, and the school community. Areas of focus for this review process include academic research related to kindergarten, data and demographics, finances, facilities, communication, and how to gather survey feedback from school community stakeholders effectively. At the conclusion of the review process, it is expected that the Board of Education will consider a recommendation to either retain or adjust the current program model. If a program change is recommended and implemented, it would likely involve a shift from a part-day to a full-day model. Shifting to a full-day kindergarten program model would require additional expenditures that would have a notable impact on long-term financial projections.

Facility studies were conducted in 1991, 1994, 1996, 2009 and, most recently in 2019. They have been the basis for short and long-term facilities planning. Over the years, renovations and additions were completed in order to provide additional instructional space. Currently, there is adequate capacity district-wide to meet general classroom enrollment projections both now and in the near future. It should be noted, however, that changing demographics, along with state and federal mandates for special programming, has created the need for specialized individual and small group instruction. To date, the District has been reasonably effective in utilizing non-traditional classrooms for this work; however, this will continue to be a challenge in the years ahead, as demographics continue to change and additional mandates are issued.

The District continues with annual revisions to its multiyear facilities plan. In addition to repair, maintenance, and routine renovations, the plan takes into account enrollment projections and capacity, and the flexibility in the structure of the District's debt service schedule. In addition, the District's last space utilization study began the process of evaluating the overall capacity and usage with respect to maximizing educational programs and services.

One of the highlights of the District's technology plan is the one-to-one iPad deployment program that began in the fall of 2011 with 8<sup>th</sup> grade students and teachers. By all accounts, the plan was a success based on student and teacher feedback. The District's initiative to be entirely one-to-one is now complete and we continue to refresh grades two and five each year. The District will monitor the educational impact of this program to determine its long-term viability. This will be the main driver for student-based technology plan decisions moving forward.

# **Requests for Information**

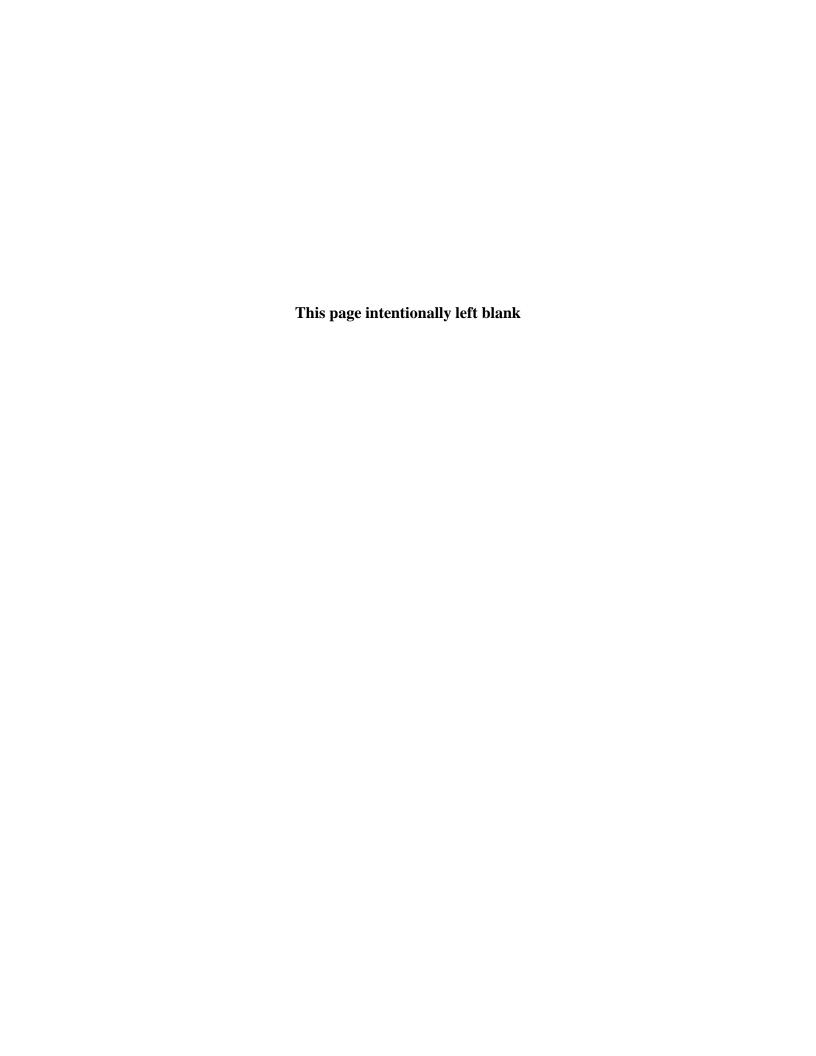
This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office:

River Forest Public Schools District 90 7776 Lake Street River Forest, Illinois 60305

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES $\underline{\text{June 30, 2022}}$

ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 34,698,035
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	φ 54,076,035
Property taxes	11,205,528
Replacement taxes	115,789
Accounts Receivable	6,091
Intergovernmental	413,084
Net pension asset	2,147,121
Capital assets:	
Land	610,230
Assets not yet placed in service	684,461
Construction in progress	106,430
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment, net of depreciation and amortization	18,167,544
Right to use leased assets, net of amortization	107,680
Total assets	68,261,993
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	376,350
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	1,183,519
Total deferred outflows	1,559,869
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,215,748
Other current liabilities	83,491
Interest payable	13,548
Unearned revenue	256,882
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,498,412
Due after one year	17,167,738
Total liabilities	20,235,819
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property taxes levied for a future period	11,205,528
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,125,780
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits	6,384,862
Total deferred inflows	19,716,170
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	19,329,583
Restricted for:	
Operations and maintenance	1,062,220
Debt service	1,841,174
Retirement benefits	78,068
Student transportation	556,501
Capital projects	1,257,650
Unrestricted	5,744,677
Total net position	\$ 29,869,873



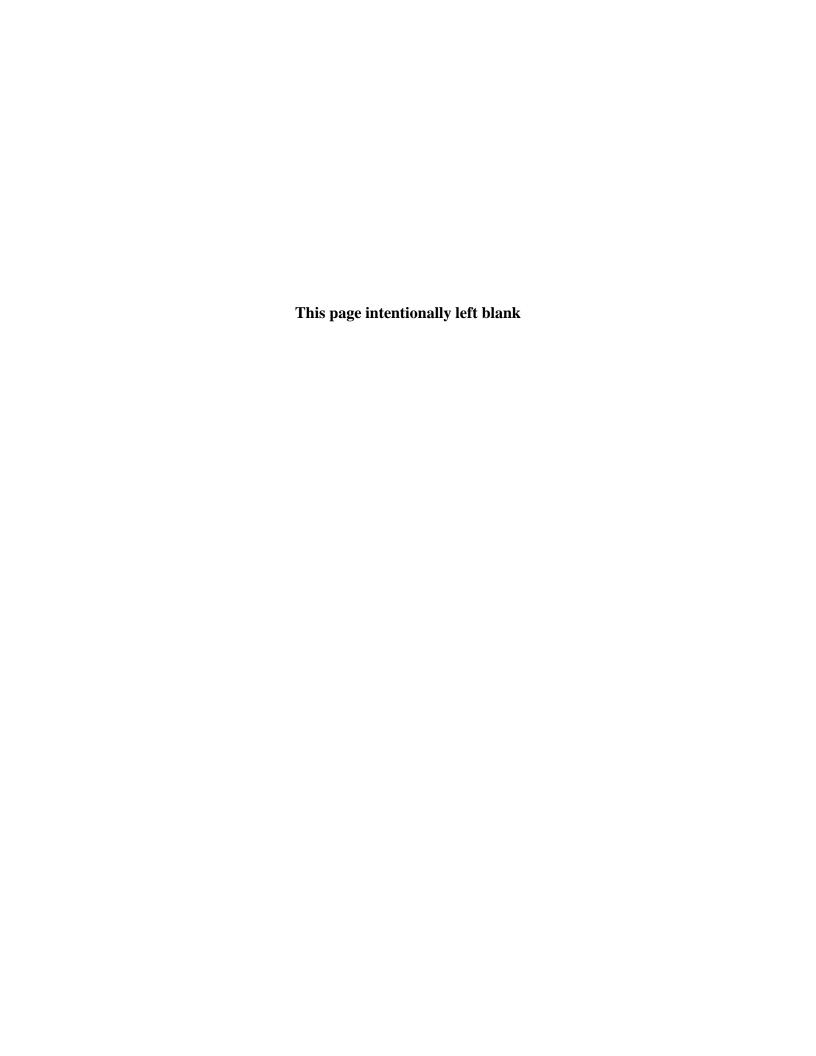
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			PROGRAM REVENUES			VENUES	Ne	et (Expenses)
						Operating	R	devenue and
			(	Charges for		Grants and	Changes in	
Functions / Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions		N	Net Position
Governmental activities								
Instruction:								
Regular programs	\$	10,587,875	\$	511,200	\$	783,291	\$	(9,293,384)
Special programs		4,528,035		-		784,713		(3,743,322)
Other instructional programs		787,818		90,829		1,195		(695,794)
State retirement contributions		7,105,468		-		7,105,468		-
Support services:								
Pupils		1,533,108		-		-		(1,533,108)
Instructional staff		2,833,009		-		21,733		(2,811,276)
General administration		1,779,932		-		-		(1,779,932)
School administration		1,172,591		-		-		(1,172,591)
Business		1,487,160		255,834		_		(1,231,326)
Transportation		1,153,043		-		446,871		(706, 172)
Operations and maintenance		1,901,724		-		-		(1,901,724)
Community services		122,724		-		-		(122,724)
Interest and fees		115,682					_	(115,682)
Total governmental activities	\$	35,108,169	\$	857,863	\$	9,143,271		(25,107,035)
	Ge	eneral revenue	s:					
	-	Γaxes:						
		Real estate ta	axes,	levied for gene	eral j	ourposes		19,358,656
		Real estate ta	axes,	levied for spec	ific	purposes		3,538,298
		Real estate ta	axes,	levied for debt	serv	vice		1,584,496
		Personal pro	perty	replacement to	axes			706,728
	5	State aid-form	ula g	rants				1,075,725
	]	nvestment ear	ning	S				62,030
	1	Miscellaneous						58,142
		Total genera	al rev	venues				26,384,075
	Change in net position							1,277,040
	1	Net position, b	egin	ning of year				28,592,833
	I	Net position, e	t position, end of year					29,869,873

Governmental Funds BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

		General	Operations and Maintenance		Tra	ansportation	Municipal Retirement / Soc. Sec.	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	29,692,499	\$	1,071,126	\$	498,983	\$	78,068
Property taxes		8,880,199		938,053		269,676		281,312
Replacement taxes		86,842		28,947		-		-
Accounts		6,091		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		301,366	_	-		111,718		-
Total assets	\$	38,966,997	\$	2,038,126	\$	880,377	\$	359,380
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	770,618	\$	37,853	\$	54,200	\$	-
Other current liabilities		83,491		_		-		-
Unearned revenue		256,882						
Total liabilities		1,110,991		37,853		54,200		
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Property taxes levied for a future period		8,880,199		938,053		269,676		281,312
Total deferred inflows		8,880,199		938,053		269,676		281,312
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)								
Restricted		-		1,062,220		556,501		78,068
Assigned		102,063		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		28,873,744						
Total fund balances (deficit)		28,975,807		1,062,220		556,501		78,068
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,								
and fund balances	\$	38,966,997	\$	2,038,126	\$	880,377	\$	359,380

 Debt Service	•			Fire Prevention and Safety		Total
\$ 1,854,722	\$	-	\$	1,502,637	\$	34,698,035
718,903 - -		- - -		117,385		11,205,528 115,789 6,091 413,084
\$ 2,573,625	\$		\$	1,620,022	\$	46,438,527
\$ - - -	\$	108,090 - - - 108,090	\$	244,987 - - 244,987	\$	1,215,748 83,491 256,882 1,556,121
 718,903 718,903		<u>-</u>		117,385 117,385	_	11,205,528 11,205,528
 1,854,722 - - - 1,854,722		- (108,090) (108,090)	_	1,257,650 - - 1,257,650		4,809,161 102,063 28,765,654 33,676,878
\$ 2,573,625	\$	-	\$	1,620,022	\$	46,438,527



# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION $\underline{\text{June 30, 2022}}$

Total fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	33,676,878	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positi	different because	:		
The net pension asset resulting from IMRF plan fiduciary net position pension liability is not a financial resource therefore is not reported in the balance sheet.	~		2,147,121	
Net capital assets used in governmental activities and included in the sta do not require the expenditure of financial resources and, therefore, a governmental funds.	-		19,676,345	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are appliand, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	o future periods			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$	376,350 (2,125,780)		(1,749,430)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other poster applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the government.				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	\$	1,183,519 (6,384,862)		(5,201,343)
Interest on long-term liabilities (interest payable) accrued in the statement be paid with current financial resources and, therefore, is not be paid with charge that		_		(12.540)
governmental funds balance sheet.				(13,548)
Long-term liabilities included in the statement of net position are not current period and, accordingly, are not reported in the governmental fundamental fundamen		payable in the		
General obligation bonds	\$	(3,900,000)		
Unamortized bond premiums		(208,891)		
Capital leases		(48,590)		
Compensated absences		(122,753)		
TRS net pension liability		(1,175,835) (1,724,938)		
RHP total other postemployment benefit liability THIS net other postemployment benefit liability		(1,724,938) (11,485,143)		(18,666,150)
		(11,100,110)		
Net position of governmental activities			\$	29,869,873

Governmental Funds

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) $\underline{\text{For the Year Ended June 30, 2022}}$

	 General	_	erations and laintenance	Tr	ansportation	Re	Iunicipal tirement / oc. Sec.
Revenues							
Property taxes Replacement taxes State aid Federal aid Interest Other	\$ 19,358,656 522,283 8,598,234 1,331,529 56,191 892,672	\$	2,062,697 174,095 - - 896 23,333	\$	596,699 - 446,871 - 864 -	\$	619,081 10,350 - - 206
Total revenues	 30,759,565		2,261,021		1,044,434		629,637
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular programs	9,842,961		-		-		119,551
Special programs	4,227,593		-		-		147,497
Other instructional programs	753,226		-		-		12,969
State retirement contributions	7,263,106		-		-		-
Support services:							
Pupils	1,804,280		-		-		50,921
Instructional staff	2,193,110		-		-		98,106
General administration	1,712,723		-		-		30,213
School administration	1,150,741		-		-		38,478
Business	1,471,035		-		1 152 042		54,428
Transportation	-		1 661 771		1,153,043		115.005
Operations and maintenance	140,993		1,661,771		-		115,085 15,968
Community services Debt service:	140,993		-		-		13,908
Principal Principal	_		_		_		_
Interest and other			_				_
Capital outlay	 655,822		20,342		<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	 31,215,590		1,682,113		1,153,043		683,216
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(456,025)		578,908		(108,609)		(53,579)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Lease liability issued	 (2,312,941) 30,360		2,200,000 (2,422,013)		- - -		- - -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,282,581)		(222,013)				
Net change in fund balance	(2,738,606)		356,895		(108,609)		(53,579)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	 31,714,413		705,325		665,110		131,647
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 28,975,807	\$	1,062,220	\$	556,501	\$	78,068

 Debt Capital Service Projects		Fire Prevention and Safety	Total
1 504 405	•	4 250.001	4 24 404 470
\$ 1,584,496	\$ -	\$ 259,821	\$ 24,481,450
-	-	-	706,728
-	-	-	9,045,105
2 110	-	1.755	1,331,529
2,118	-	1,755	62,030 916,005
 1,586,614		261,576	36,542,847
-	-	-	9,962,512
-	-	-	4,375,090
-	-	_	766,195
-	-	-	7,263,106
-	-	-	1,855,201
-	-	-	2,291,216
-	-	-	1,742,936
-	-	-	1,189,219
-	56,320	107,868	1,689,651
-	-	-	1,153,043
-	-	-	1,776,856
-	-	-	156,961
1,407,194	-	-	1,407,194
192,359	-	-	192,359
 -	1,549,309	298,172	2,523,645
 1,599,553	1,605,629	406,040	38,345,184
(12,939)	(1,605,629)	(144,464)	(1,802,337)
112,941	2,422,013	-	4,734,954
-	-	-	(4,734,954)
 -			30,360
 112,941	2,422,013		30,360
100,002	816,384	(144,464)	(1,771,977)
 1,754,720	(924,474)	1,402,114	35,448,855
\$ 1,854,722	\$ (108,090)	\$ 1,257,650	\$ 33,676,878

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$ (1,771,977)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The net pension asset resulting from IMRF plan fiduciary net position exceeding the total pension liability is not a financial resource therefore is not reported in the governmental funds.	1,307,793
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization expense and loss on disposal in the current period.	
Capital outlay \$ 2,542,737	
Depreciation and amortization expense (1,935,755)	
Loss on disposal (13,052)	593,930
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are reported only in the statement of activities:	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to IMRF pension \$ (559,281)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to TRS pension (55,916)	(615,197)
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits are reported only in the statement of activities:	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to RHP \$ (876,160)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to THIS (2,285,718)	(3,161,878)
Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	3,848
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when the debt is issued.	
However, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This is the	
amount of the current year, net effect of these differences.	72,829

(Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, certain of these items are included in the governmental funds only to the extend that they require the expenditure of current financial resources:

Principal repayments - general obligation bonds	\$	1,300,000		
Lease liabilities, net		76,834		
Compensated absences, net		(9,602)		
TRS pension liability, net		172,205		
RHP other postemployment benefit liability, net		905,817		
THIS other postemployment benefit liability, net	<u> </u>	2,402,438	_	4,847,692
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$_	1,277,040

(Concluded)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of River Forest Public Schools District 90 (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

# 1. Reporting Entity

The District is located in Cook County, Illinois. The District is governed by an elected Board of Education. The Board of Education maintains final responsibility for all personnel, budgetary, taxing, and debt matters.

The District includes all funds of its operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District as determined on a basis of financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will, and fiscal dependency. The accompanying financial statements include only those funds of the District, as there are no organizations for which it has financial accountability.

Also, the District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity, as defined by GASB pronouncements.

#### 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which was implemented by the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. This statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset, and a lessor to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Changes to this financial statement were limited to changes in descriptions of capital lease liability to lease liability.

Specific changes to the District's financial statements relate to the recording of right of use assets and lease liabilities on the statement of net position. See notes A-8, D, and E.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 3. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds), and the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (capital projects funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund. The District considers all governmental funds to be major.

# 4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and local fees.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) amounts paid by recipients of goods or services offered by the program and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

# a. General Fund

The *General Fund* includes the Educational Account and the Working Cash Account. The Educational Account is the District's primary operating account. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Working Cash Account is for the financial resources held by the District to be used as temporary interfund loans for working capital requirements. Money loaned by the Working Cash Account to other funds must be repaid upon the collection of property taxes in the fund(s) loaned to. As allowed by the School Code of Illinois, this Fund may be abolished to the Educational Account or may be partially abated to any fund in need as long as the District maintains a balance in the Working Cash Account of at least .05% of the District's current equalized assessed valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Student Activity balance is accounted for in the Educational Account. The balance accounts for activities such as student yearbooks, student clubs, and councils.

#### b. Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those accounted for in the Debt Service or Capital Projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Each of the District's special revenue funds has been established as a separate fund in accordance with the fund structure required by the state of Illinois for local educational agencies. These funds account for local property taxes restricted to specific purposes. A brief description of the District's special revenue funds is as follows:

*Operations and Maintenance Fund* - accounts for all revenues and expenditures made for operations, repair, and maintenance of the District's building and land. Revenues consist primarily of local property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

*Transportation Fund* - accounts for all revenues and expenditures made for student transportation. Revenues are derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

*Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund* - accounts for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, payments to Medicare, and payments to the Social Security System for noncertified employees. Revenues to finance contributions are derived primarily from local property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.

#### c. Debt Service Fund

*Debt Service Fund* - accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and transfers from other funds.

#### d. Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Fund - accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Revenues are derived from bond proceeds or transfers from other funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 4. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)
  - d. Capital Projects Funds (Continued)

Fire Prevention and Safety Fund - accounts for state-approved life safety projects financed through bond issuance or local property taxes levied specifically for such purposes.

# 5. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned, and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e. intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e. when they are both "measurable and available." "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers most revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Revenues that are paid to the District by the Illinois State Board of Education are considered available if they are vouchered by year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, expect for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, interest, and intergovernmental revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports unearned and unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Unearned and unavailable revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow of resources for unearned or unavailable revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized. Governmental Funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources received, but not yet earned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 6. Deferred Outflows / Deferred Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet may report deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension liabilities and other postemployment benefit liabilities. In addition to liabilities, the District may report deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows related to property taxes levied for a future period, pension liabilities, and other postemployment benefit liabilities.

#### 7. Deposits and Investments

The Illinois Compiled Statutes require the District to utilize the custodial services of the Proviso Township School Treasurer. Investments are stated at fair value. Changes in fair value are included in investment income.

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment and vehicles, and right to use assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The District has recorded right to use assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The District's right to use assets were initially recorded at an amount equal to the related lease liability (Note E). The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the related lease.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Assets	Years			
Buildings	10 - 50			
Improvements other than buildings	20			
Equipment	5 - 20			
Vehicles	8			
Right to use leased assets	3-10			

Construction in progress and assets not placed in service are stated at cost and included engineering, design, material, and labor costs incurred for building improvements. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress and assets not placed in service until the asset is completed and placed in service.

# 9. Compensated Absences

Noncertified employees earn vacation days which vest after completion of one year of service. The vacation of certain administrators vests at the beginning of the fiscal year. These days can be carried over until September 1st. Certified employees who work less than 12 calendar months, per year, do not earn vacation days. The compensated absences are considered long-term and are accounted for, as a long-term liability, in the government-wide statements. The compensated absences liability includes any salary-related payments. Future payments will be from the same fund where the employee's salary is recorded.

Employees receive an average of 15 sick days annually; the unused portion is accumulated and carried forward, but does not vest. Employee sick leave is recognized when paid. Upon termination, employees do not receive any sick leave pay.

# 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts and losses on refunding of bonds, are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 10. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, losses on refunding, and bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from actual proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# 11. Personal Property Replacement Taxes

Personal property replacement tax revenues are first allocated to the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund with the balance allocated at the discretion of the District.

# 12. Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that the District does not budget for "on-behalf" contributions from the state for the employer's share of the Teachers' Retirement Pension and Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (see budgeting reconciliation in the notes to the required supplementary information). Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the governmental funds. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

# 13. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are stated at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 14. Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions, or (3) imposed by enabling legislation. The District's restricted net position was restricted as a result of enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### 15. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 16. Fund Balance

The governmental funds report five components of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- a. *Nonspendable* includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The nonspendable in form criteria includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as prepaid items or inventories.
- b. Restricted refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Special revenue funds, as well as debt service and capital projects funds, are by definition restricted for those specified purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- c. Committed refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Education). The Board of Education commits fund balances by passing a resolution. Amounts committed cannot be used for any purpose unless the District removes or changes the specific use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those funds. The District had no committed fund balances at June 30, 2022.
- d. Assigned refers to amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent may be expressed by the Board of Education or the individual the Board of Education delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Board of Education has declared that the Director of Finance and Facilities may assign amounts for specific purpose. The District student activity balance of \$102,063 has been assigned at June 30, 2022.
- e. *Unassigned* refers to all spendable amounts not contained in the other four classifications described above. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally they act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified. The remaining restricted fund balances are for the purpose of the restricted funds as described in Note A-4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### 1. Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer

As explained in Note A-7, the Illinois Compiled Statutes require the District to utilize the custodial services of the Proviso Township School Treasurer (the "Treasurer"). As such, the Treasurer is the lawful custodian of these school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township School Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The investment policies are established by the Treasurer, as prescribed by the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of property taxes, replacement taxes, and most state and federal aid, and disburses school funds upon lawful order of the School Board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below.

The District's investment policy, which is the same as the Treasurer's, is in line with State Statutes. The investments that the District may purchase are limited by Illinois law to the following: (1) securities that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. government as to principal and interest; (2) certain U.S. government agency securities; (3) interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or time deposits or any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act; (4) short-term discount obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000; (5) interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation or school district; (6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (7) the State Treasurer's Illinois and Prime Funds; and (8) money market mutual funds and certain other instruments.

At June 30, 2022, the District's cash and investments consisted of the following.

	Total
	Ф. 24.500.401
Cash and investments under custody of the Treasurer	\$ 34,508,481
Deposits with financial institutions *	188,754
Cash on hand	800
	\$ 34,698,035

<sup>\*</sup> includes accounts held in demand and savings accounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer (Continued)

District cash and investments (other than the student activity, activity accommodation accounts, imprest funds, flexible benefit funds, and petty cash funds) are part of a common pool for all the school districts and cooperatives within the township. The Treasurer maintains records that segregate the cash and investment balances by district or cooperative. Income from investments is distributed based upon the District's percentage participation in the pool. Cash for all funds is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The Treasurer's investment policies are established by the Proviso Township School Trustees, as prescribed by the Illinois School Code. The Treasurer is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasurer, backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks, and commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services (subject to certain limitations).

The Treasurer's office operates as a nonrated, external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Treasurer's pool is determined by the District's proportionate share of the fair value of the investments held by the Treasurer's office.

The weighted-average maturity of all pooled marketable investments held by the Treasurer was 0.64 years at June 30, 2022. The Treasurer also holds money market type investments and deposits with financial institutions, including certificates of deposit. As of the same date, the fair value of all underlying investments held by the Treasurer's office was \$381,388,358 (as provided by the Treasurer), and the fair value of the District's proportionate share of the pool was \$34,508,481.

Because all cash and investments are pooled by a separate legal governmental agency (the Treasurer), categorization by risk category is not determinable. Further information about whether investments are insured, collateralized, or uncollateralized is available from the Treasurer's financial statements.

#### 2. Cash and Investments in Custody of the District

Deposits of the student activity, activity accommodation accounts, imprest fund, flexible benefit funds, and petty cash, which are held in the District's custody, consist of deposits with financial institutions. At June 30, 2022, the carrying value of the cash and investments held in custody of the District was \$188,754, all of which was deposited with financial institutions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE B - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. Cash and Investments in Custody of the District (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds. At June 30, 2022, the District had no uninsured cash balances.

### NOTE C - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

The District must file its tax levy resolution by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The tax levy resolution was approved by the Board on December 13, 2021. The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District and becomes a lien on the property on January 1 of that year. The owner of real property on January 1 (the lien date) in any year is liable for taxes of that year.

Tax rate ceilings are applied at the fund level. These ceilings are established by state law subject to change only by the approval of the voters of the District.

The District's annual property tax levy is subject to Property Tax Extension Limitation Act (PTELA), which is applied in the aggregate to the total levy (excluding certain levies for the repayment of debt). PTELA limits the increase in total taxes billed to the lesser of 5% or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the preceding year. The amount can be exceeded to the extent there is "new growth" in the District's tax base. The new growth consists of new construction, annexations, and tax increment finance district property becoming eligible for taxation.

The Cook County Assessor is responsible for the assessment of all taxable property within Cook County, except for certain railroad property, which is assessed directly by the state. One-third of the county is reassessed every year by the Assessor.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the state. Each year, the Illinois Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment between counties at one-third of market value. This factor (the equalization factor) is then applied to the assessed valuation to compute the valuation of property to which the tax rate will be applied (the equalized assessed valuation). The equalization factor for Cook County for 2021 is 3.0027.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE C - PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The County Clerk adds the equalized assessed valuation of all real property in the county to the valuation of property assessed directly by the state (to which the equalization factor is not applied) to arrive at the base amount (the assessment base) used to calculate the annual tax rates, as described above. The equalized assessed valuation for the extension of the 2021 tax levy was \$594,319,539.

Property taxes are collected by the Cook County Collector/Treasurer, who remits them to the District. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on March 1 and August 1 during the following year. There was a delay in assessing and billing of the 2021 property taxes, which also delayed Cook County remitting the second installment of the 2021 property taxes to the District. The first installment is an estimated bill, and is fifty-five percent of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment bill is based on the current levy, assessment, and equalization, and any changes from the prior year.

The portion of the 2021 property tax levy not received by June 30 is recorded as a receivable, net of estimated uncollectibles of 1%. The net receivable collected within the current year or due and expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, less the taxes collected soon enough after the end of the previous fiscal year, are recognized as revenue. Such time, thereafter, does not exceed 60 days. Net taxes receivable less the amount expected to be collected within 60 days are reflected as deferred inflow of resources - property taxes levied for a future period.

## NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	E	Balance		Transfers/		Transfers/	Balance
	Jul	y 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases	 June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated	i		_				 
Land	\$	610,230	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 610,230
Assets not placed in service		263,364		684,461		263,364	684,461
Construction in progress		911,239		106,430	_	911,239	106,430
					_		 
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated		1,784,833	_	790,891	_	1,174,603	 1,401,121

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance		Transfers/		Transfers/		Balance
	July 1, 2021		Increases	_	Decreases	_	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, being depreciated	_	_					
Buildings \$	7,819,138	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,819,138
Improvements other than buildings	18,366,918		2,433,885		-		20,800,803
Equipment	10,386,112		464,462		785,309		10,065,265
Vehicles	26,214	_	-		-		26,214
Total capital assets, being depreciated	36,598,382	_	2,898,347	. <u>-</u>	785,309		38,711,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	5,184,990		137,229		-		5,322,219
Improvements other than buildings	6,570,007		1,019,725		-		7,589,732
Equipment	7,646,138		731,830		772,257		7,605,711
Vehicles	26,214		-		-		26,214
·		_		-		•	
Total accumulated depreciation	19,427,349	_	1,888,784		772,257		20,543,876
Total capital assets, being depreciated							
net	17,171,033		1,009,563		13,052		18,167,544
ilet	17,171,033	-	1,007,303	-	13,032		10,107,544
Right to use assets							
Leased equipment	267,941		28,102		_		296,043
		-	,	-		•	,
Total right to use assets	267,941	_	28,102		-		296,043
I							
Less accumulated amortization for Leased equipment	141,392		46,971				188,363
Leased equipment	141,392	-	40,971	-		•	166,505
Total accumulated amortization	141,392	_	46,971		-		188,363
Total right to use assets, net	126,549		(18,869)		-		107,680
<u> </u>	·	-	· · · /	-		•	•
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net \$	19,082,415	\$	1,781,585	\$	1,187,655	\$	19,676,345

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Regular programs	\$ 740,123
Special programs	199,010
Other instructional programs	31,648
Pupils	1,447
Instructional staff	738,012
School administration	55,775
Business	44,872
Operations and maintenance	 124,868
Total depreciation amd amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,935,755

# NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

# 1. Changes in General Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2022, changes in long-term liabilities were as follows:

Balance						Balance
July 1, 2021	_	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2022
	_		-			
5,200,000	\$	-	\$	1,300,000	\$	3,900,000
281,720		-		72,829		208,891
125,424		30,360		107,194		48,590
1,348,040		74,183		246,388		1,175,835
2,630,755		209,807		1,115,624		1,724,938
13,887,581		49,772		2,452,210		11,485,143
113,151	_	219,346	_	209,744		122,753
23,586,671	\$	583,468	\$	5,503,989	\$	18,666,150
	July 1, 2021  5,200,000 281,720 125,424 1,348,040 2,630,755 13,887,581 113,151	July 1, 2021  5,200,000 \$ 281,720 125,424 1,348,040  2,630,755  13,887,581 113,151	July 1, 2021     Increases       5,200,000     \$ -       281,720     -       125,424     30,360       1,348,040     74,183       2,630,755     209,807       13,887,581     49,772       113,151     219,346	July 1, 2021       Increases         5,200,000       \$ - \$         281,720       125,424         125,424       30,360         1,348,040       74,183         2,630,755       209,807         13,887,581       49,772         113,151       219,346	July 1, 2021         Increases         Decreases           5,200,000         \$ -         \$ 1,300,000           281,720         -         72,829           125,424         30,360         107,194           1,348,040         74,183         246,388           2,630,755         209,807         1,115,624           13,887,581         49,772         2,452,210           113,151         219,346         209,744	July 1, 2021         Increases         Decreases           5,200,000         \$ -         \$ 1,300,000         \$ 281,720           -         72,829         125,424         30,360         107,194           1,348,040         74,183         246,388           2,630,755         209,807         1,115,624           13,887,581         49,772         2,452,210           113,151         219,346         209,744

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

		Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Lease liabilities Compensated absences	\$	1,345,000 30,659 122,753
	\$_	1,498,412

# 2. General Obligation Bonds

The summary of activity in bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		Bonds Payable		Debt		Debt	Bonds Payable
	_	July 1, 2021	_	Issued	_	Retired	 June 30, 2022
\$9,300,000 Limited Tax Bonds, 2015, to increase the working cash fund, interest 1.30% to 3.63%, maturing on December 1, 2023	\$	3,495,000	\$	-	\$	1,255,000	\$ 2,240,000
\$1,705,000 Limited Tax Bonds, 2020, for Life Safety Projects, interest 5.0%, maturing on		1 707 000				45.000	1.660.000
December 1, 2025	_	1,705,000	_		_	45,000	 1,660,000
	\$_	5,200,000	\$_	-	\$_	1,300,000	\$ 3,900,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 2. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District's future cash flow requirements for retirement of bond principal and interest was as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	Φ.	1 245 000	Φ	120 700	¢	1 492 700
	\$	1,345,000	\$	138,700	\$	1,483,700
2024		1,395,000		86,413		1,481,413
2025		1,060,000		31,500		1,091,500
2026		100,000		2,500		102,500
	\$_	3,900,000	\$	259,113	\$	4,159,113

These payments will be made from amounts budgeted from the debt service tax levies in future periods. There is \$1,854,722 in the Debt Service Fund to service the outstanding bonds payable.

The District is subject to the Illinois School Code, which limits the bond indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2022, the statutory debt limit for the District was \$41,008,048, of which \$37,059,458 is fully available.

### 3. Lease Liabilities

The District currently has several lease agreements for financing the acquisition of copiers. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and therefore have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments upon implementation of GASB 87 as of July 1, 2021. The leases require aggregate annual payments of approximately \$110,000, with terms ranging from thirty-six to forty-eight consecutive months. The lease liability is measured at an incremental borrowing rate of 6.00%. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded right to use assets (Note A-8) with a net book value of \$107,680 as of June 30, 2022. The obligations for these loans will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund with funding provided by transfers from the General (Educational Account) Fund. The future cash flow requirements for the lease are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE E - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 3. Lease Liabilities (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District's future cash flow requirements for retirement of the lease liability principal and interest we as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 32,164	\$	2,450	\$ 34,614
2024	7,724		869	8,593
2025	7,501		393	7,894
2026	1,201		58	1,259
		_		
	\$ 48,590	\$	3,770	\$ 52,360

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES

# 1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active nonannuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsil.org/financial/acfrs/fy2021; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan** (Continued)

### Plan Description (Continued)

As a multi-employer cost sharing pension plan, TRS employs a methodology to allocate the pension liabilities to each individual district based off of the actual contributions a District makes to the plan in a fiscal year and is re-measured annually, and thus the timing of receipt of contribution payments from the District's or refunds made by TRS to the District can have a significant impact on the District's allocation of the net pension liability that may not be reflective of the District's portion of the total contractual contribution to the Plan. The net pension liability as a whole is a significant accounting estimate that takes into account several assumptions and allocations.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest consecutive years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the highest four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan** (Continued)

## Benefits Provided (Continued)

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2024. One program allows retiring Tier I members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier I and II members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs began in 2019 and are funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

#### **Contributions**

The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 9.0 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

#### On-behalf Contributions to TRS

The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the employer. For the year ended June 30, 2022, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenses of \$7,068,417 in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement basis and revenues and expenditures in the amount of \$7,133,949 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)**

Contributions (Continued)

#### 2.2 Formula Contributions

Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$83,233 and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

## Federal and Special Trust Fund Contributions

When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer pension contribution was 10.31 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, salaries totaling \$84,258 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$8,687.

#### Early Retirement Cost Contributions

Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The District is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent, and \$0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,175,835
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	98,547,510
	-	_
Total	\$	99,723,345

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.0015072631 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000056312 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized the following pension expense/expenditures and revenue for the support provided by the state pertaining to the District's employees:

	(	Governmental Activities	General Fund	
State on-behalf contributions - revenue and expense/expenditure District TRS pension expense (benefit)	\$	7,068,417 \$ (33,048)	7,133,949 83,233	
Total TRS expense/expenditure	\$_	7,035,369 \$	7,217,182	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

### 1. <u>Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois</u> (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	6,745 S	5,810	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	78,871	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions			213,162	
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension		7,266	302,691	
expense in the future periods  District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		83,233	- 302,091	
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	90,499	302,691	

The District reported \$83,233 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows in these reporting years:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Year ended June 30:		Net Deferred Inflows of Resources		
		_		
2023	\$	124,769		
2024		82,000		
2025		41,966		
2026		41,153		
2027		5,537		
	•			
	\$	295,425		

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary increases varies by amount of service credit

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

In the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2020. In the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

### 1. <u>Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois</u> (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	16.7 9	6.2 %
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.2	7.4
International equities developed	10.6	6.9
Emerging market equities	4.5	9.2
U.S. bonds core	3.0	1.6
International debt developed	1.0	0.4
Emerging international debt	4.0	4.4
Cash equivalents	2.0	0.1
TIPS	1.0	0.8
Real estate	16.0	5.8
Hedge funds	10.0	3.9
Infrastructure	4.0	6.3
Private equity	15.0	10.4
Private debt	10.0	6.5
Total	100.00	<b>%</b>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

1. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent, which was the same as the June 30, 2020 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2021 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

		Current					
	1	1% Decrease Discount Rate		;	1% Increase		
		(6.00)	_	(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
District's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability	\$	1,456,248	\$_	1,175,835	\$	942,916	

Current

# TRS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2021 is available in the separately issued TRS *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 2. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

#### **Plan Description**

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the <u>Benefits Provided</u> section below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. That report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3% of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 2. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of December 31, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	80
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	77
Active plan members	68
Total	225

#### **Contributions**

As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 9.00%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the District contributed \$241,391 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

# **Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

The District's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2021:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 2. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions** (Continued)

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates, specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an

experience study from years 2017 to 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-

median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future

mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2021:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

### 2. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions** (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

A GI	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic equities	39%	1.90%
International equities	15%	3.15%
Fixed income	25%	(0.60)%
Real estate	10%	3.30%
Alternative investments	10%	1.70% - 5.50%
Cash equivalents	1%	(0.90)%
Total	100%	

### **Single Discount Rate**

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- a. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- b. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 2. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

### **Changes in Net Pension Asset**

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-Year Municipal GO AA index"), and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

The following table shows the components of the change in the District's net pension asset for the calendar year ended December 31, 2021:

		Total Pension	]	Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension
		Liability Net Position		J	Liability (Asset)	
		(A)		(B)	_	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$	12,625,912	\$	13,465,240	Ф	(839,328)
	φ	12,023,912	φ	13,403,240	Φ	(639,326)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		279,441		-		279,441
Interest on the total pension liability		898,841		-		898,841
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		269,038		-		269,038
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		266,280		(266,280)
Contributions - employees		-		133,140		(133,140)
Net investment income (loss)		-		2,300,127		(2,300,127)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(735,662)		(735,662)		-
Other (net transfer)			_	55,566	_	(55,566)
Net changes		711,658		2,019,451	_	(1,307,793)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	13,337,570	\$	15,484,691	\$	(2,147,121)

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension asset, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 2. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued)

		Current				
				Discount		
		1% Lower		Rate		1% Higher
	_	(6.25%)	-	(7.25%)	_	(8.25%)
Net pension asset	\$_	(731,314)	\$	(2,147,121) \$	S	(3,302,276)

# Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District recognized pension income of \$507,121. At June 30, 2022, the District reported, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension	•			
Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	162,988	\$	9,741
Change of assumptions		-		25,995
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	-	-		1,787,353
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in the				
future periods	-	162,988		1,823,089
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	-	122,863	- <del>-</del>	-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	285,851	\$_	1,823,089

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 2. <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

# Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The District reported \$122,863 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ended June 30,	 Net Deferred Inflows of Resources
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 321,653 630,526 441,106 266,816
Total	\$ 1,660,101

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 3. <u>Summary of Pension Items</u>

Below is a summary of the various pension items:

	_	TRS	_	IMRF	_	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:				_	_	_
Employer contributions	\$	83,233	\$	122,863	\$	206,096
Experience		6,745		162,988		169,733
Assumptions	_	521	_	-		521
	Φ.	00.400	Φ	205.051	Φ	256.250
	\$	90,499	\$	285,851	\$	376,350
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,175,835	\$	(2,147,121)	\$	(971,286)
, , ,	· =	, ,	· -	( ) ' , /	•	(- 1 , - 1 )
Pension expense (income)	\$	7,035,369	\$	(507,121)	\$	6,528,248
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Experience	\$	4,848	\$	9,741	\$	14,589
Assumptions		5,810		25,995		31,805
Proportionate share		213,162		1,787,353		2,000,515
Investments	_	78,871		-		78,871
	\$	302,691	\$	1,823,089	\$	2,125,780

# 4. Social Security/Medicare

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Teachers' Retirement System or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "nonparticipating employees". These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security/Medicare. The District paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE F - PENSION LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 5. 403(b) Retirement Plan

The District has a 403(b) Retirement Plan that also contains a Roth option, which is a defined contribution plan for District employees. The plan is held in trust and administered by a third party serving as the plan's trustee. The number of employees participating in the plan at June 30, 2022 was 85. The plan allows for the employer and employees to make contributions to the plan.

### 6. 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan

The District also has a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan, which is a defined contribution plan for District employees. The plan is held in trust and administered by a third party serving as the plan's trustee. The number of employees participating in the plan at June 30, 2022 was 5. The plan allows for employees to make contributions to the plan.

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## 1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS)

### General Information about the Other Postemployment Plan

### Plan Description

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Fund and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS. Section 6.6 of the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 requires all active contributors to TRS who are not employees of the state to make a contribution to the THIS Fund.

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General: http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp). Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/HEALTHCARE-FAMILY-SERVICES-Teacher-Health-Ins-Sec-Fund.asp).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) (Continued)

#### **General Information about the Other Postemployment Plan** (Continued)

## Benefits Provided

The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan.

#### **Contributions**

# On behalf contributions to the THIS Fund

The State of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. In the fund financial statements, the State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members, which were 0.90 percent of pay during the year ended June 30, 2022. In the government-wide financial statements, State of Illinois contributions also include a proportional allocation of the State's OPEB expense (based on the portion of the District's share of the expense compared to all School Districts in aggregate). For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized revenue and expenses of \$37,051 in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement basis and revenues and expenditures in the amount of \$129,157 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement basis for State of Illinois contributions on behalf of the District's employees.

#### District contributions to the THIS Fund

The District also makes contributions to the THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.67 percent during the year ended June 30, 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District paid \$96,150 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution. These amounts are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. <u>Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS)</u> (Continued)

# Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

# Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 11,485,143
State's estimated proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District*	15,572,178
	_
Total	\$ 27,057,321

<sup>\*</sup> The State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (NOL) associated with the District is not available in the actuarial report and therefore the amount reported above is an estimate based allocating the State's total NOL for the entire plan (per the actuary) based on the District's proportionate share of the NOL to all the school districts participating in the Plan. Additionally, the amounts included below related to sensitivity of the healthcare rate, discount rate, and amortization of deferred inflows and outflows are based on a similar allocation methodology.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

# NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. <u>Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS)</u> (Continued)

# Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the projected contributions of all participating THIS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.052074 percent, which was an increase of 0.00013 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized the following for OPEB expense/expenditure and revenue pertaining to the District's employees:

	Go	General	
		Activities	Fund
State on-behalf contributions - OPEB revenue and expense/expenditure	\$	37,051 \$	129,157
District OPEB pension (benefit) expense		(20,578)	96,150
Total OPEB expense/expenditure	\$	16,473 \$	225,307

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

# NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
	-			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	537,261
Change of assumptions		3,965		4,300,668
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan				
investments		-		39
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		641,346		258,270
	-			
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods	_	645,311		5,096,238
	-		_	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	96,150	_	
	-			
Total deferred amounts related to OPEB	\$	741,461	\$_	5,096,238
	-	•	_	

The District reported \$96,150 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows in these reporting years:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

# NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

		Net Deferred			
Year Ended		Inflows of			
June 30,	_	Resources			
	•	<u> </u>			
2023	\$	786,660			
2024		786,582			
2025		692,282			
2026		579,579			
2027		565,689			
Thereafter	_	1,040,135			
	•				
Total	\$	4,450,927			

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, used to measure the Total OPEB Liability
Contribution Policy	Benefits are financed on a pay-as-you basis. Contribution rates are defined by statute. For fiscal year end June 30, 2021, contribution rates are 1.24% of pay for active members, 0.92% of pay for school districts, and 1.24% of pay for the State. Retired members contribute a percentage of premium rates. The goal of the policy is to finance current year costs plus a margin for incurred but not paid plan costs.
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Investment rate of return	2.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all plan years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.50% at 1 year of service to 4.00%

at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage

inflation assumption.

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation.

Mortality Retirement and Beneficiary Annuitants: RP-2014 White Collar

Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. Disabled Annuitants: RP- 2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality

improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

Healthcare Trend Rate Trend for fiscal year ending 2022 based on expected increases used to

develop average costs. For fiscal years on and after 2023, trend starts at

8.00% gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.25%.

Aging Factors Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the development of the

per capita claims costs. Operating expenses are included as a component

of the Annual OPEB Expense.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS) (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

### Discount Rate

The State, school districts and active members contribute 1.24 percent, 0.92 percent, 1.24 percent of pay, respectively for fiscal year 2021. Retirees contribute a percentage of the premium rate. The State also contributes an additional amount to cover plan costs in excess of contributions and investment income. Because plan benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, the single discount rate is based on a tax-exempt municipal bond rate index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. A single discount rate of 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020, and 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021, was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The decrease in the single discount rate, from 2.45 percent to 1.92 percent, caused the total OPEB liability to increase by approximately \$1,965 million as of June 30, 2021.

#### Investment Return

During plan year end June 30, 2021, the trust earned \$51,000 in interest, and the market value of assets at June 30, 2021, is \$313.2 million. The long-term investment return was assumed to be 2.75 percent.

# Money-Weighted Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return was estimated based on monthly investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested. The annual money-weighted rate of return was 0.320% for plan year end June 30, 2021, and 1.732% for plan year end June 30, 2020.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

1. <u>Teachers' Health Insurance Security (THIS)</u> (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.92 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(0.92)%	(1.92%)	(2.92%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$	13,797,039	\$ 11,485,143	\$ 9,652,651

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following table shows the plan's net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, using current trend rates and sensitivity trend rates that are either one percentage point higher or lower. The key trend rates are 8.00 percent in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent in 2038.

			Current		
	1%		Healthcare		
_	Decrease*	Trend Rate		1% Increase **	
				-	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability \$	9,194,435	\$	11,485,143	\$	14,596,901

<sup>\*</sup>One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2038.

<sup>\*\*</sup> One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2038.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

#### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP)

#### **Plan Description**

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and may be amended by the District through its employment contracts. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The plan provides the ability for retirees and their spouses, given certain eligibility provisions, to access the District's group health insurance plan during retirement, provided they are on the group health insurance plan at the time of retirement. Retirees are responsible to contribute a premium toward the cost of their insurance, which is determined by the Board. Retirees may also access dental and life insurance benefits on a "pay all" basis.

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of June 30, 2022 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	222
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	10
Total	232

#### **Contributions**

Retirees under the age of 65 contribute the full active employee equivalent rate. Retirees have the option of choosing from an HMO or PPO plan through the District. Premiums for the plan are set by the Board of Education. Currently, the District contributes 0 percent to 100 percent to postemployment benefits, which varies for different employee groups. For fiscal year 2022, the District contributed \$65,763 toward the cost of the postemployment benefits for retirees, which was 10.66% of covered payroll.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

#### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP) (Continued)

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date July 1, 2021

Measurement date June 30, 2022

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate 3.00%
Discount rate 4.09%
Salary rate increases 4.00%

Healthcare trend rate 4.00% initial - HMO 4.50% initial - PPO

Ultimate - Constant for all years

Mortality rates IMRF employees and retirees rates are from December 31, 2021

IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report. TRS employees and retirees rates are from the June 30, 2021 Teachers' Retirement System Actuarial

Valuation Report.

Election at Retirement Certified Teachers & Administrators

100% of those eligible for retiree coverage will elect the District subsidy. Of those, 50% will elect the District Plan and 50% will elect

TRIP insurance coverage.

**IMRF** Employees

100% of those eligible for retiree coverage will elect the District subsidy. Of those, 50% will elect the District Plan and 50% will elect

outside coverage.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP) (Continued)

### **Total OPEB Liability** (Continued)

Marital Status 35% of employees electing retiree coverage on the District plan are

assumed to be married and to elect spousal coverage with males three years older than females. Actual spouse data was used for current

retirees.

In 2022, change in assumptions related to the discount rate (2.18% to 4.09%).

#### **Discount Rate**

The District does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. Per GASB 75, the discount rate should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). A rate of 4.09% is used, which is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High-Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

## NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

## 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP) (Continued)

## **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

The following table shows the components of the change in the District's net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

	Total OPEB			Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB
	Liability			Net Position		Liability
	_	(A)		(B)		(A) - (B)
Polomono et July 1, 2021	ф	2 620 755	Φ	d	ħ	2 620 755
Balances at July 1, 2021	\$	2,630,755	\$	- \$	Þ	2,630,755
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		153,173		-		153,173
Interest on the total OPEB liability		56,634		-		56,634
Change of benefit terms		(66,455)		-		(66,455)
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of the total OPEB liability		(156,485)		-		(156,485)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(826,921)		-		(826,921)
Contributions - employer		-		-		-
Contributions - active and inactive employees		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including the implicit						-
rate subsidy		(65,763)		-		(65,763)
Other changes	_	-		<u>-</u>		
Net changes	-	(905,817)		-		(905,817)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	1,724,938	\$	\$	\$	1,724,938

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

#### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP) (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 4.09%, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current							
	Discount							
	1% Lower (3.09%)	_	Rate (4.09%)		1% Higher (5.09%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,822,533	\$	1,724,938	\$_	1,631,791			

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate range of 4.00% - 4.50%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate range that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current range:

		Current		
	1% Lower			
	(3.00%-	(Rate 4.00% -		1% Higher
	3.50%)	4.50%)		(5.00%-5.50%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,577,367	\$ 1,724,938	\$	1,894,260

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the District recognized OPEB expense of \$36,107. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

## NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

## 2. Retiree Health Plan (RHP) (Continued)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in OPEB	-			
Expense in Future Periods				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	95,144	\$	363,448
Change of assumptions	_	346,914	_	925,176
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in the	Φ.	442.050	ф	1 200 <24
future periods	\$	442,058	\$	1,288,624

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ended June 30,		Net Deferred Inflows of Resources			
June 30,		Of Resources			
2023 2024	\$	107,245 107,245			
2025	107,245				
2026		107,245			
2027		79,951			
Thereafter		337,635			
Total	\$	846,566			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

### NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### 3. Summary of OPEB Items

Below is a summary of the various OPEB items at June 30, 2022:

	_	THIS	_	RHP	_	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:					· '-	_
Employer contributions	\$	96,150	\$	-	\$	96,150
Assumptions		3,965		346,914		350,879
Experience		-		95,144		95,144
Proportionate share	_	641,346	_	-	_	641,346
	\$	741,461	\$_	442,058	\$	1,183,519
	_		_		· '-	_
OPEB liability	\$	11,485,143	\$_	1,724,938	\$	13,210,081
ODED avnance	\$	16,473	\$	36,107	\$	52,580
OPEB expense	Φ=	10,473	Ф=	30,107	Ф	32,360
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Assumptions	\$	4,300,668	\$	925,176	\$	5,225,844
Experience		537,261		363,448		900,709
Investments		39		-		39
Proportionate share	_	258,270	_	-		258,270
	Ф	5.006.000	Φ	1 200 (24	Φ	6 204 062
	\$	5,096,238	\$_	1,288,624	\$	6,384,862

### NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to employee health benefits; worker's compensation claims; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. To protect from such risks, the District participates in the following public entity risk pools: the Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC) for property damage and injury claims, as well as worker's compensation claims, and the Educational Benefit Cooperative (EBC) for health insurance claims. The District pays annual premiums to the pools for insurance coverage. The arrangements with the pools provide that each will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain levels established by the pools. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

#### NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Complete financial statements for CLIC can be obtained from its Treasurer, 624 Kenilworth, Grayslake, Illinois 60030.

Complete financial statements for EBC can be obtained by contacting the District business office.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including torts and professional liability insurance. Premiums have been recorded as expenditures in the appropriate funds. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior years. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE I - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The District transferred \$112,941 from the General (Educational Account) Fund to the Debt Service Fund. The amount transferred represents principal and interest payments on GASB 87 leases.

The District transferred \$2,422,013 from the Operations and Maintenance Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to fund capital projects.

The District transferred \$2,200,000 from the General (Working Cash Account) Fund to the Operations and Maintenance Fund, which represents an abatement of the Working Cash Fund.

#### NOTE J - JOINT AGREEMENTS

The District is a member of various joint agreements that provide services to residents of many school districts, as well as CLIC and EBC. The District believes that, because it does not control the selection of the governing authority and because of the control over employment of management personnel, operations, scope of public service, and special financing relationships exercised by the joint governing boards, these are properly not included as component units of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE K - CONTINGENCIES**

#### 1. Litigation

The District, in the normal course of business, is subject to general litigation. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, the resolution of these matters, should the outcome be unfavorable, could have a significant impact on future tax revenues. With regard to other pending matters, the eventual outcome and related liability, if any, are not determinable at this time. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for settlement cost.

#### 2. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 3. COVID - 19

The long-term direct and indirect impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the District's enrollment, vendors, operations, and financing arrangements are currently unknown, as is the duration and severity of any impacts that the District may experience. The District continues to monitor investment values and returns, tax revenues, and state and federal funding, which could be impacted. While the District's evaluation is ongoing, management is currently unable to quantify the full effects that the pandemic will have on its operations, cash flows, and financial position; however, they may be significant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

### NOTE L - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

Capital Project	Amount (approximate)
Roosevelt School - Life Safety - General Work	\$ 432,000
Willard School - Life Safety - General Work	351,000
Lincoln School - Life Safety - Boiler	99,000
Lincoln School - Life Safety - Fire Panel	5,000
Roosevelt School - Life Safety - Fire Panel	38,000
Willard School - Life Safety - Fire Panel	14,000
Lincoln School - HVAC Upgrade	11,000
Willard School - HVAC Upgrade	2,000
	\$ 952,000

### NOTE M - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

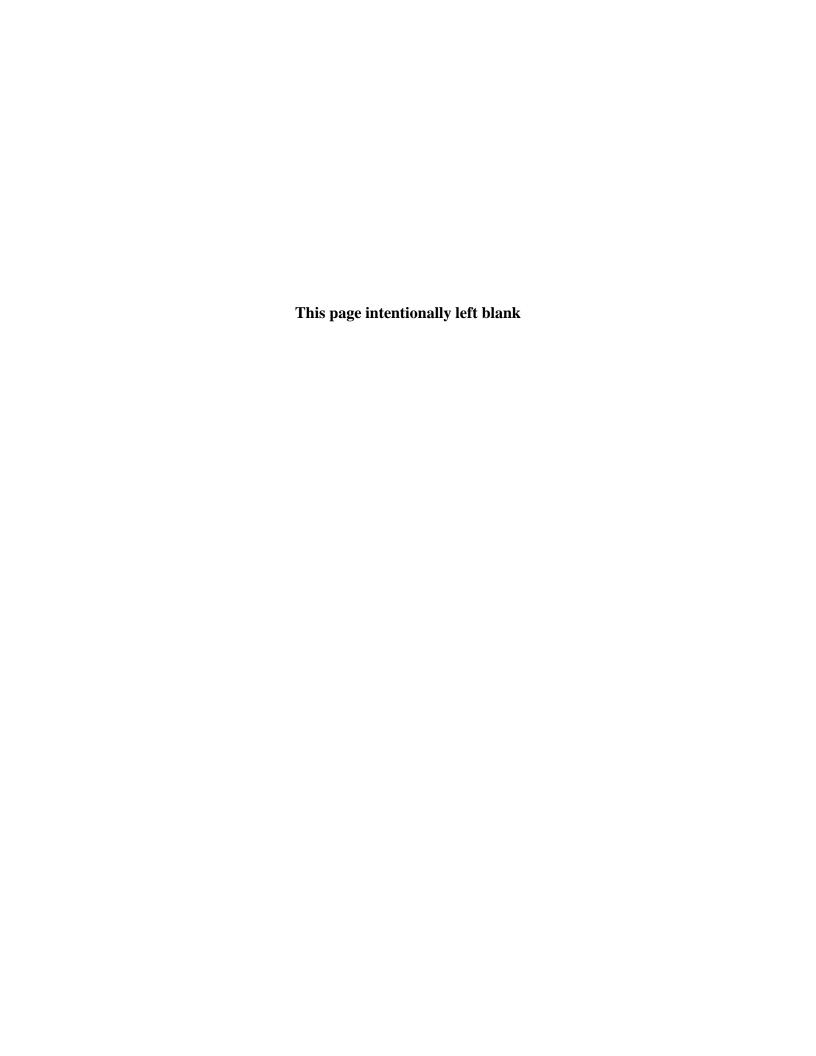
As of June 30, 2022, the Capital Projects Fund has a deficit balance of \$108,090. District management expects to fund this deficit through future interfund transfers.

#### NOTE N - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 21, 2022, the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that no events or transactions, other than described below, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet/statement of net position date that require disclosure in the financial statements.

Subsequent to year end, the District entered into a lease liability agreement for copier equipment. The agreement requires monthly installments of \$7,596 for sixty months.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)



## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

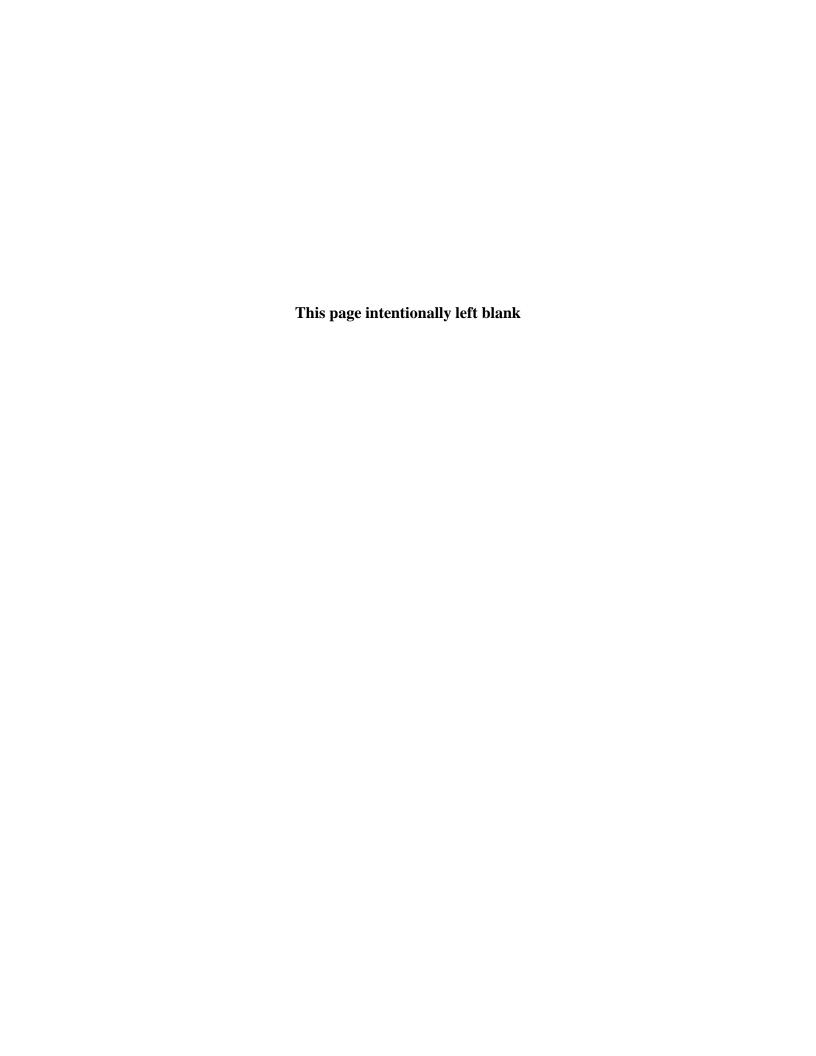
Eight Most Recent Fiscal Years

	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	279,441	\$	289,936	\$	292,719
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual		898,841		879,010		836,167
experience of the total pension liability		269,038		(46,309)		150,902
Assumption changes		-		(123,573)		-
Benefit payments and refunds		(735,662)		(704,927)		(669,983)
Net change in total pension liability	_	711,658	_	294,137	_	609,805
Total pension liability, beginning		12,625,912		12,331,775		11,721,970
Total pension liability, ending	\$_	13,337,570	\$	12,625,912	\$	12,331,775
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions, employer	\$	266,280	\$	248,933	\$	196,698
Contributions, employee		133,140		122,160		125,862
Net investment income (loss)		2,300,127		1,735,639		1,975,577
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(735,662)		(704,927)		(669,983)
Other (net transfer)		55,566		(46,171)		97,067
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	2,019,451		1,355,634		1,725,221
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	_	13,465,240	_	12,109,606	_	10,384,385
Plan fiduciary net position, ending	\$	15,484,691	\$	13,465,240	\$	12,109,606
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ _	(2,147,121)	\$_	(839,328)	\$_	222,169
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		116.10	%	106.65	%	98.20 %
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	2,958,667	\$	2,714,652	\$	2,735,718
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage						
of covered valuation payroll		(72.57)	%	(30.92)	%	8.12 %

Note: The District implemented GASB 68 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015; and therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

Note: Actuarial valuations are as of December 31<sup>st</sup>, which is six months prior to the end of the fiscal year.

	2019		2018	_	2017		2016		2015
\$	262,904	\$	292,748	\$	273,301	\$	248,422	\$	258,000
	795,186		790,972		748,703		695,332		662,430
	200.027		(4.4.7.4.5)		170.000		447.000		(201 = 25)
	209,835		(14,546)		150,293		445,330		(281,707)
	295,353		(364,648)		(22,752)		21,513		432,822
_	(624,670)	_	(642,161)	_	(602,586)	_	(766,872)	_	(489,269)
	938,608		62,365		546,959		643,725		582,276
_	10,783,362	_	10,720,997	_	10,174,038	_	9,530,313	_	8,948,037
\$_	11,721,970	\$	10,783,362	\$	10,720,997	\$_	10,174,038	\$_	9,530,313
_		-		-		_		=	
\$	237,566	\$	237,334	\$	228,739	\$	230,641	\$	225,565
	119,249		115,711		111,159		104,765		100,452
	(647,030)		1,801,231		643,971		46,712		555,762
	, , ,		•		,		ŕ		,
	(624,670)		(642,161)		(602,586)		(766,872)		(489,269)
	185,182		(285,336)		48,920		283,696		(26,818)
-	(729,703)	-	1,226,779	-	430,203	-	(101,058)	_	365,692
	11,114,088		9,887,309		9,457,106		9,558,164		9,192,472
\$	10,384,385	\$	11,114,088	\$	9,887,309	\$	9,457,106	\$	9,558,164
	, ,	-	, ,		, ,		, ,	· =	
\$	1,337,585	\$	(330,726)	\$	833,688	\$	716,932	\$	(27,851)
=	1,557,505	Ψ.	(330,720)	<b>=</b>	022,000	Ψ=	,10,552	Ψ=	(27,001)
	88.59	%	103.07	%	92.22	%	92.95	0/	100.29 %
	00.39	%0	103.07	%0	92.22	%0	92.93	%0	100.29 %
Φ	2 622 140	Φ	2 571 224	Φ	2 470 100	ф	2 274 569	Φ	2 127 004
\$	2,622,140	\$	2,571,334	\$	2,470,198	\$	2,274,568	\$	2,137,084
	£1.01	0/	(10.00)	0/	22.75	0/	21.52	0/	(1.20) 6
	51.01	%	(12.86)	%	33.75	%	31.52	%	(1.30) %



## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Eight Most Recent Fiscal Years

Year	I	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	-	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2022	\$	266,280	*	\$ 266,280	\$ -	\$	3,047,427	8.74 %
2021		248,934		248,933	1		2,714,652	9.17
2020		196,698		196,698	-		2,735,718	7.19
2019		237,566		237,566	-		2,622,140	9.06
2018		237,334		237,334	-		2,571,334	9.23
2017		228,740		228,739	1		2,470,198	9.26
2016		230,641		230,641	-		2,274,568	10.14
2015		225,577		225,565	12		2,166,929	10.41

Note: The District implemented GASB 68 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015; and therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated based on contribution rate of 9.00% and covered valuation payroll of \$3,047,427.

## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

## Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois <u>Eight Most Recent Fiscal Years</u>

		2022	_	2021	_	2020	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.0015072631	%	0.0015635751	%	0.0016094304	%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,175,835	\$	1,348,040	\$	1,305,379	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		98,547,510		105,585,513	_	92,902,431	<del>-</del>
Total	\$	99,723,345	\$	106,933,553	\$	94,207,810	=
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,517,472	\$	13,141,865	\$	12,569,967	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		8.70	%	10.26	%	10.38	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.10	%	37.80	%	39.60	%

Note 1: Actuarial valuations are as of June 30 of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the net pension liability is reported.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB 68 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015; and therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

2019	_	2018		2017		2016		2015	_
0.0017358767	%	0.0022939434	%	0.0023253719	%	0.0023850788	%	0.0022399979	%
\$ 1,353,026	\$	1,752,530	\$	1,835,557	\$	1,562,467	\$	1,363,224	
92,687,970	_	85,706,745		90,236,899		73,630,865	_	61,824,981	_
\$ 94,040,996	\$	87,459,275	\$	92,072,456	\$	75,193,332	\$	63,188,205	=
\$ 12,425,089	\$	11,617,192	\$	11,389,736	\$	11,361,092	\$	11,321,279	
10.89	%	15.09	%	16.12	%	13.75	%	12.04	%
40.00	%	39.30	%	36.40	%	41.50	%	43.00	%

## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

## Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois <u>Eight Most Recent Fiscal Years</u>

	_	2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	78,401	\$	76,223	\$	72,906
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	78,408		76,223		72,887
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	(7)	\$	-	\$_	19
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	14,350,819	\$	13,517,472	\$	13,141,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.55	%	0.56	%	0.55 %

Note 1: Actuarial valuations are as of June 30 of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the net pension liability is reported.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB 68 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2015; and therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

-	2019	_	2018		2017		2016	. <u>-</u>	2015	
\$	72,066	\$	94,751	\$	90,178	\$	83,513	\$	87,462	
-	72,124	_	94,150		90,055		83,573	. <u>-</u>	79,922	
\$	(58)	\$_	601	\$	123	\$	(60)	\$	7,540	
\$	12,569,967	\$	12,425,089	\$	11,617,192	\$	11,389,736	\$	11,361,092	
	0.57 %	, D	0.76	%	0.78	%	0.73	%	0.70	(

## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

## Retiree Health Plan Five Most Recent Fiscal Years

	_	2022	-	2021	_	2020	
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	153,173	\$	187,926	\$	182,558	
Interest on the total OPEB liability		56,634		62,051		52,580	
Changes in benefit terms		(66,455)		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the total OPEB liability		(156,485)		-		136,023	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(826,921)		82,376		152,866	
Benefit payments, including the							
implicit rate of subsidy		(65,763)		(68,665)		(63,490)	
Other changes		-		-		(9,807)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	(905,817)	_	263,688	_	450,730	
Total OPEB liability, beginning		2,630,755		2,367,067		1,916,337	
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	1,724,938	\$	2,630,755	\$	2,367,067	ji
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions, employer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contributions, employee		-		-		-	
Net investment income		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds		-		-		-	
of employee contributions		-		-		-	
Other changes		-		-		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	_	-	_	-	_	-	
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		-		-		-	
Plan fiduciary net position, ending	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	i
Net OPEB liability	\$_	1,724,938	\$_	2,630,755	\$_	2,367,067	)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total OPEB liability		0.00 %	, )	0.00	%	0.00	
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	16,179,170	\$	14,328,009	\$	14,328,009	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of							
covered valuation payroll		10.66 %	, )	18.36	%	16.52	

Note: The District implemented GASB 75 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018; therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

	2010			2010	
-	2019		_	2018	
\$	138,409		\$	132,965	
·	52,175		·	52,129	
	-			-	
	_			(470,701)	
	24,444			(98,163)	
	(79,172)			(82,279)	
	(9,936)			88,315	
-	125,920		_	(377,734)	
	1,790,417			2,168,151	
\$	1,916,337		\$	1,790,417	
_					
\$	_		\$	_	
·	_		·	_	
	-			-	
	-			-	
	-			-	
_	-		_	-	
	-			-	
_			_	-	
\$_			\$_	-	
\$_	1,916,337		\$_	1,790,417	
	0.00	%		0.00	%
\$	13,542,008		\$	13,542,008	
	14.15	%		13.22	%

## MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) LIABILITY

## Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund Five Most Recent Fiscal Years

		2022	_	2021	_	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.05207400%		0.05194400%		0.05112600%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	11,485,143	\$	13,887,581	\$	14,150,242
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		15,572,178	_	18,813,890	_	19,161,233
Total	\$_	27,057,321	\$_	32,701,471	\$_	33,311,475
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,517,472	\$	13,141,865	\$	12,569,967
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		84.97%		105.67%		112.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.40%		0.70%		0.25%

Note 1: Actuarial valuations are as of June 30 of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the net OPEB liability is reported.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB 75 beginning with it's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018; therefore, 10 years of information is not available.

_	2019	2018
	0.05244700%	0.05046900%
\$	13,817,578	\$ 13,096,382
-	18,554,027	17,198,804
\$_	32,371,605	\$ 30,295,186
\$	12,425,089	\$ 11,617,192
	111.21%	112.73%
	(-0.07%)	(0.17%)

# MULTIYEAR SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund Five Most Recent Fiscal Years

	_	2022	_	2021	-	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	124,361	\$	120,905	\$	115,643
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	124,353	_	120,889	-	115,605
Contribution excess	\$_	(8)	\$	(16)	\$	(38)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	14,350,819	\$	13,517,472	\$	13,141,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.87%		0.89%		0.88%

Note 1: Actuarial valuations are as of June 30 of the fiscal year prior to the fiscal year in which the net OPEB liability is reported.

Note: The District implemented GASB 75 beginning with its fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 therefore 10 years of information is not available.

_	2019		2018					
\$	109,341	\$	97,584					
-	109,410	i i	97,525					
\$	69	\$	(59)					
\$	12,569,967	\$	12,425,089					
	0.87%		0.78%					

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 17,103,000	\$ 17,713,788	\$ 610,788	\$ 17,202,175
Special education levy	1,790,000	1,644,868	(145, 132)	1,726,799
Corporate personal property				
replacement taxes	135,000	522,283	387,283	237,382
Summer school tuition from pupils or parents	60,000	90,829	30,829	103,802
Interest on investments	235,000	47,960	(187,040)	341,765
Gain or loss on sale of investments	-	8,231	8,231	-
Sales to pupils - lunch	157,000	255,834	98,834	36,701
Fees	31,500	52,334	20,834	19,782
Other district/school activity revenue	5,000	5,047	47	77,085
Student Activity Fund Revenues	270,000	298,801	28,801	245,376
Rentals - regular textbook	110,000	155,018	45,018	106,487
Contributions and donations				
from private sources	1,000	10,713	9,713	1,700
Impact fees from municipal				
or county governments	1,000	-	(1,000)	-
Refund of prior years' expenditures	10,000	18,285	8,285	-
Other	30,000	5,811	(24,189)	49,314
Total local sources	19,938,500	20,829,802	891,302	20,148,368
State sources				
Evidence Based Funding Formula	1,076,000	1,075,725	(275)	1,074,405
Special Education - Private Facility Tuition	325,000	256,848	(68,152)	318,218
CTE - Other	1,300	1,195	(105)	436
Other restricted revenue from state sources	1,000	1,360	360	2,145
Total state sources	1,403,300	1,335,128	(68,172)	1,395,204

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

with Comparative Actuar		2022	,	
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Federal sources				
Special Milk Program	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ (10,000)	\$ -
Title I - Low Income	110,000	112,150	2,150	124,404
Federal Special Education -				
Preschool Flow-Through	16,000	17,621	1,621	17,026
Federal Special Education -				
IDEA Flow Through	460,000	502,627	42,627	505,161
Title II - Teacher Quality	25,000	20,373	(4,627)	26,627
Medicaid Matching Funds -				
Administrative Outreach	14,000	7,617	(6,383)	30,349
Other restricted revenue from federal sources	845,000	671,141	(173,859)	416,630
Total federal sources	1,480,000	1,331,529	(148,471)	1,120,197
Total revenues	22,821,800	23,496,459	674,659	22,663,769
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Regular programs				
Salaries	7,355,700	7,292,960	62,740	7,262,283
Employee benefits	1,793,200	1,792,506	694	1,845,086
Purchased services	168,900	141,900	27,000	96,293
Supplies and materials	378,300	329,316	48,984	413,896
Capital outlay	17,500	61,254	(43,754)	8,275
Other objects	1,500	2,193	(693)	600
Non-capitalized equipment	6,000	2,788	3,212	1,693
Total	9,721,100	9,622,917	98,183	9,628,126

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022							
	Original and Final				Variance			
					From			2021
	Budget		Actual	Final Budget			Actual	
Special advantion programs								
Special education programs Salaries	\$	2,337,500	\$	2,364,203	\$	(26,703)	Ф	2,222,674
Employee benefits	Ф	628,700	Ф	632,014	φ	(3,314)	Φ	594,039
Purchased services		536,000		394,948		141,052		547,825
Supplies and materials		70,500		55,146		15,354		61,768
Capital outlay		13,700		91,261		(77,561)		7,803
Capital outray	_	13,700	_	91,201	_	(77,301)	_	7,803
Total	3,586,400			3,537,572		48,828		3,434,109
Remedial and Supplemental								
programs K-12								
Salaries	84,300			85,718		(1,418)		69,174
Employee benefits	19,700			24,307		(4,607)		32,438
Supplies and materials		10,000		24,950		(14,950)		14,234
Total		114,000		134,975		(20,975)		115,846
Interscholastic programs								
Salaries		95,000		72,505		22,495		52,801
Employee benefits		10,700		8,037		2,663		6,061
Purchased services		14,600		15,254		(654)		493
Supplies and materials		7,500		3,442		4,058		1,641
Capital outlay		1,500				1,500		
Total		129,300	_	99,238		30,062		60,996
Summer school programs								
Salaries		185,100		209,790		(24,690)		214,288
Employee benefits		19,900		18,451		1,449		21,926
Purchased services		30,900		83,500		(52,600)		27,500
Supplies and materials		10,000	_	6,757		3,243		1,502
Total		245,900		318,498		(72,598)		265,216

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		2022		
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
C'S 1				
Gifted programs	\$ 85,500	¢ 95.442	\$ 57	¢ 76.147
Salaries	\$ 85,500 19,000		\$ 57 74	\$ 76,147 18,171
Employee benefits				16,171
Supplies and materials	500	·	500	
Total	105,000	104,369	631	94,318
Bilingual programs				
Salaries	161,500	177,939	(16,439)	121,611
Employee benefits	40,900	49,403	(8,503)	23,839
Supplies and materials	2,500	3,779	(1,279)	3,742
Total	204,900	231,121	(26,221)	149,192
Special Education K-12 Programs				
Private Tuition	695,000	646,307	48,693	663,202
Student Activity Fund Expenditures	270,000	283,791	(13,791)	228,699
Total instruction	15,071,600	14,978,788	92,812	14,639,704
Support services				
Pupils				
Attendance and social work services				
Salaries	419,400		2,001	422,528
Employee benefits	109,300		13,148	107,854
Purchased services	37,600	33,797	3,803	37,390
Supplies and materials	3,000	1,697	1,303	1,226
Total	569,300	549,045	20,255	568,998
Health services				
Salaries	245,700		(23,166)	244,626
Employee benefits	38,900		(25)	38,815
Purchased services	120,000	*	30,175	127,344
Supplies and materials	6,000	3,253	2,747	3,717
Total	410,600	400,869	9,731	414,502

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Psychological services				
Salaries	\$ 201,200	\$ 165,198	\$ 36,002	\$ 194,423
Employee benefits	41,100	39,980	1,120	41,328
Purchased services	44,200	61,678	(17,478)	40,391
Supplies and materials	3,000	1,694	1,306	3,712
Total	289,500	268,550	20,950	279,854
Speech pathology and audiology services				
Salaries	172,400	174,276	(1,876)	218,485
Employee benefits	46,100	46,934	(834)	56,551
Purchased services	368,000	359,693	8,307	372,079
Supplies and materials	11,100	4,913	6,187	8,767
Total	597,600	585,816	11,784	655,882
Total pupils	1,867,000	1,804,280	62,720	1,919,236
Instructional staff				
Improvement of instruction services				
Salaries	676,000	935,673	(259,673)	537,169
Employee benefits	76,400	91,251	(14,851)	57,786
Purchased services	133,300	114,427	18,873	105,697
Supplies and materials	1,200	1,089	111	1,059
Total	886,900	1,142,440	(255,540)	701,711
Educational media services				
Salaries	640,500	671,469	(30,969)	601,186
Employee benefits	131,900	132,274	(374)	126,345
Purchased services	152,900	146,825	6,075	151,221
Supplies and materials	82,000	100,102	(18,102)	73,806
Capital outlay	421,000	502,298	(81,298)	512,307
Total	1,428,300	1,552,968	(124,668)	1,464,865
Total instructional staff	2,315,200	2,695,408	(380,208)	2,166,576

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2022								
	Orig	riginal and			V	<sup>7</sup> ariance			
	Final				From			2021	
	В	Budget		Actual		Final Budget		Actual	
General administration									
Board of education services									
Employee benefits	\$	64,800	\$	51,904	\$	12,896	\$	55,610	
Purchased services		159,300		180,472		(21,172)		132,014	
Other objects		19,500		17,372		2,128		19,341	
Total		243,600		249,748	_	(6,148)		206,965	
Executive administration services									
Salaries		553,300		554,111		(811)		533,018	
Employee benefits		156,800		164,270		(7,470)		154,384	
Purchased services		45,000		73,909		(28,909)		29,972	
Supplies and materials		15,000		11,678		3,322		11,184	
Capital outlay		4,200		-		4,200		2,872	
Other objects		10,800		6,786		4,014		6,464	
Total		785,100		810,754		(25,654)		737,894	
Tort immunity services									
Salaries		72,900		72,900		-		72,900	
Employee benefits		3,900		3,861		39		3,861	
Purchased services		633,500		567,205		66,295		1,212,752	
Capital outlay				8,255		(8,255)			
Total		710,300		652,221	_	58,079		1,289,513	
Total general administration	1	,739,000		1,712,723		26,277		2,234,372	

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

## AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
School administration				
Office of the principal services				
Salaries	\$ 874,200	\$ 873,424	\$ 776 \$	847,566
Employee benefits	214,500	213,104	1,396	205,376
Purchased services	7,000	1,064	5,936	5,983
Supplies and materials	16,100	15,360	740	17,467
Capital outlay	6,000	-	6,000	2,773
Other objects	1,500	5,109	(3,609)	7,418
Total	1,119,300	1,108,061	11,239	1,086,583
Total school administration	1,119,300	1,108,061	11,239	1,086,583
Business				
Fiscal services				
Salaries	377,700	364,995	12,705	366,435
Employee benefits	99,600	99,067	533	97,614
Purchased services	25,400	13,827	11,573	4,640
Supplies and materials	3,000	941	2,059	1,115
Capital outlay	6,000	4,654	1,346	4,653
Total	511,700	483,484	28,216	474,457
Food services				
Salaries	291,400	432,669	(141,269)	81,197
Employee benefits	33,200	45,968	(12,768)	9,271
Supplies and materials	21,000	12,032	8,968	792
Total	345,600	490,669	(145,069)	91,260
Internal services				
Salaries	359,000	449,695	(90,695)	456,567
Employee benefits	47,800	47,187	613	52,517
Total	406,800	496,882	(90,082)	509,084

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Amounts for the			
•	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Total business	\$ 1,264,100	\$ 1,471,035	\$ (206,935)	\$ 1,074,801
Total support services	8,304,600	8,791,507	(486,907)	8,481,568
Community services				
Salaries	102,700	102,670	30	99,697
Employee benefits	25,400	25,266	134	25,590
Purchased services	17,500	7,935	9,565	4,543
Supplies and materials	4,500	3,638	862	3,638
Capital outlay	1,500		1,500	1,484
Total	151,600	139,509	12,091	134,952
Payments to other districts and government units				
Payments for special education programs				
Other objects	72,400	42,680	29,720	26,256
Total	72,400	42,680	29,720	26,256
Total payments to other districts and				
other government units	72,400	42,680	29,720	26,256
Provision for contingencies	50,000		50,000	
Total expenditures	23,650,200	23,952,484	(302,284)	23,282,480
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(828,400)	(456,025)	372,375	(618,711)

General Fund - Budgetary Basis

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original and		Variance	1
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Other financing sources (uses)				
Lease liability issued	\$ -	\$ 30,360	\$ 30,360	\$ -
Permanent transfer from working cash fund - abatement	(2,200,000)	(2,200,000)	-	(800,000)
Permanent transfer from working cash fund - interest	-	-	-	-
Transfer to debt service fund for principal on leases	(106,700)	(107,194)	(494)	(94,426)
Transfer to debt service fund for interest on leases		(5,747)	(5,747)	(12,107)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,306,700)	(2,282,581)	24,119	(906,533)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,135,100)	(2,738,606)	\$ 396,494	(1,525,244)
Fund balance, beginning of year		31,714,413		33,239,657
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 28,975,807		\$ 31,714,413

### Operations and Maintenance Fund

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget	2021 Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy Corporate personal property replacement taxes Interest on investments Rentals Contributions and donations from private sources Other	\$ 2,100,000 45,000 5,000 8,000 - 12,000	\$ 2,062,697 174,095 896 - - 23,333	\$ (37,303) 129,095 (4,104) (8,000) - 11,333	\$ 2,028,007 79,127 5,423 - 5,415 10,183
Total local sources	2,170,000	2,261,021	91,021	2,128,155
Total revenues	2,170,000	2,261,021	91,021	2,128,155
Expenditures				
Support services				
Business				
Operation and maintenance of plant services Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Supplies and materials Capital outlay	721,500 263,500 411,400 319,000 60,000	708,817 234,687 419,114 299,153 20,342	12,683 28,813 (7,714) 19,847 39,658	658,506 264,809 433,776 283,363 74,793
Total business	1,775,400	1,682,113	93,287	1,715,247
Total support services	1,775,400	1,682,113	93,287	1,715,247
Provision for contingencies	25,000		25,000	
Total expenditures	1,800,400	1,682,113	118,287	1,715,247
Excess of revenues over expenditures	369,600	578,908	209,308	412,908

(Continued)

## Operations and Maintenance Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			_	
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Other financing sources (uses)				
Permanent transfer from working cash fund -				
abatement	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$ -	\$ 800,000
Transfer to capital projects fund	(2,600,000)	(2,422,013)	177,987	(465,003)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(400,000)	(222,013)	177,987	334,997
Net change in fund balance	\$ (30,400)	356,895	\$ 387,295	747,905
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		705,325		(42,580)
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 1,062,220		\$ 705,325

Transportation Fund

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original and			
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 605,000	\$ 596,699	\$ (8,301)	\$ 366,505
Interest on investments	7,500	864	(6,636)	4,876
Total local sources	612,500	597,563	(14,937)	371,381
State sources				
Transportation - Regular and Vocational	500	16	(484)	214
Transportation - Special Education	275,000	446,855	171,855	410,104
Total state sources	275,500	446,871	171,371	410,318
Total revenues	888,000	1,044,434	156,434	781,699
Expenditures				
Support services				
Business				
Pupil transportation services				
Purchased services	717,000	1,153,043	(436,043)	614,175
Total support services	717,000	1,153,043	(436,043)	614,175
Total expenditures	717,000	1,153,043	(436,043)	614,175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	\$ 171,000	(108,609)	\$ (279,609)	167,524
Fund balance, beginning of year		665,110		497,586
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 556,501		\$ 665,110

### Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021 2022				
	Original and		Variance	
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 316,000	\$ 309,538	\$ (6,462)	\$ 302,584
Social security/Medicare only levy	316,000	309,543	(6,457)	306,276
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	10,000	10,350	350	10,350
Interest on investments	2,000	206	(1,794)	2,301
Total local sources	644,000	629,637	(14,363)	621,511
Total revenues	644,000	629,637	(14,363)	621,511
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Regular programs	114,300	119,551	(5,251)	118,848
Special education programs	142,700	146,167	(3,467)	150,381
Remedial and				
supplemental programs K-12	900	1,330	(430)	912
Interscholastic programs	2,800	2,122	678	1,142
Summer school programs	6,800	6,817	(17)	6,025
Gifted programs	1,200	1,354	(154)	1,213
Bilingual programs	1,900	2,676	(776)	1,938
Total instruction	270,600	280,017	(9,417)	280,459
Support services				
Pupils				
Attendance and social work services	6,300	6,324	(24)	6,536
Health services	37,000	39,268	(2,268)	39,001
Psychological services	2,900	2,610	290	3,083
Speech pathology				
and audiology services	3,200	2,719	481	3,327
Total pupils	49,400	50,921	(1,521)	51,947
Instructional staff				
Improvement of instruction services	16,100	21,962	(5,862)	13,048
TO 1 1 1 1 1	70,900	76,144	(5,244)	71,777
Educational media services				
Total instructional staff	87,000	98,106	(11,106)	84,825

### Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

with Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021  2022				
	Original and		Variance	-
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
General administration				
Executive administration services	\$ 29,000	\$ 30,213	\$ (1,213)	\$ 30,143
Total general administration	29,000	30,213	(1,213)	30,143
School administration				
Office of the principal services	37,200	38,478	(1,278)	37,978
Total school administration	37,200	38,478	(1,278)	37,978
Business				
Fiscal services Operation and	31,200	30,120	1,080	33,245
maintenance of plant services	112,400	115,085	(2,685)	114,493
Food services	6,100	7,710	(1,610)	1,888
Internal services	14,100	16,598	(2,498)	12,353
Total business	163,800	169,513	(5,713)	161,979
Total support services	366,400	387,231	(20,831)	366,872
Community services	15,600	15,968	(368)	16,669
Total expenditures	652,600	683,216	(30,616)	664,000
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	\$ (8,600)	(53,579)	\$ (44,979)	(42,489)
Fund balance, beginning of year		131,647		174,136
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 78,068		\$ 131,647

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

#### 1. LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that the District does not budget for "on-behalf" contributions from the state for the employer's share of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS). Annual budgets are adopted at the fund level for the governmental funds. The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b) Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain comments.
- c) By September 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. By the last Tuesday in December each year, a tax levy resolution is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- d) Management is authorized to transfer budget amounts, provided funds are transferred between the same function and object codes. The Board of Education is authorized to transfer up to a legal level of 10% of the total budget between functions within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education after the public hearing process mandated by law.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the governmental funds.
- f) The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted, by the Board of Education, on September 20, 2021.
- g) All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

#### 2. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETS

The following funds had expenditures in excess of budgets at June 30, 2022:

Funds		Amount
	'	
General	\$	302,284
Transportation		436,043
Municipal Retirement / Social Security Fund		30,616

#### 3. **BUDGET RECONCILIATION**

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund (GAAP basis) includes "on-behalf" payments received and made for the amounts contributed by the state of Illinois for the employer's share of the TRS and THIS pensions. The District does not budget for these amounts. The differences between the budget and GAAP basis are as follows:

	_	Revenues	Expenditure	
General fund - budgetary basis On-behalf payments received	\$	23,496,459 7,263,106	\$	23,952,484
On-behalf payments made		-	_	7,263,106
	\$	30,759,565	\$	31,215,590

### 4. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

For the 2020 - 2021 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.00 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.25 percent and a real return of 4.75 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit and were consistent in 2020 and 2021. These actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study dated September 30, 2021.

For the 2020 - 2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.00 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.50 percent and a real return of 4.50 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. The assumptions used for the 2020 - 2018 and 2017 - 2016 measurement years were based on an experience study dated September 30, 2018 and August 13, 2015, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION $\underline{\text{June } 30,2022}$

# 4. <u>CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS</u> (Continued)

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.50 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.00 percent and real return of 4.50 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

5. <u>SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF</u> THE 2021 IMRF CONTRIBUTION RATE\*

#### **Valuation Date:**

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are

12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the 2021 Contribution Rate:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP, and ECO groups): 22-year closed period Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected

by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 17 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 18 years; one employer was financed over 19 years; two employers were financed over 20 years; three employers were financed over 26 years; four employers were financed over 27 years and one employer was financed

over 28 years).

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth 3.25% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

# 5. <u>SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2021 IMRF CONTRIBUTION RATE</u>\* (Continued)

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the 2021 Contribution Rate: (Continued)

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, IMRF specific mortality rates were used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

#### Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

#### **Change in Assumptions:**

For the 2021, 2020, 2019 and 2018 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.25 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.50 percent and a real return of 4.75 percent.

For the 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.50 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.50 percent and a real return of 5.00 percent.

<sup>\*</sup> Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION $\underline{\text{June } 30,2022}$

# 6. <u>SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2021 THIS CONTRIBUTION RATE</u>

#### **Valuation Date:**

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 each

year, 12 months prior to the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021 Fiscal Year End June 30, 2022

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the 2021 Contribution Rate:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, used to measure the Total OPEB Liability

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Investment Rate of Return 2.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all

plan years.

Single equivalent discount rate 1.92% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.50% at 1 year of service to 4.00% at

20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation

assumption.

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation.

Mortality Retirement and Beneficiary Annuitants: RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant

Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. Disabled Annuitants: RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection

Scale MP-2017.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Trend for fiscal year 2022 based on expected increases used to develop

average costs. For fiscal years on and after 2023, trend starts at 8.00%

gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.25%.

Aging Factors

Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death".

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

# 6. <u>SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2021 THIS CONTRIBUTION RATE</u> (Continued)

### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine the 2021 Contribution Rate: (Continued)

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the development of the per

capita claims costs. Operating expenses are included as a component of the

Annual OPEB Expense.

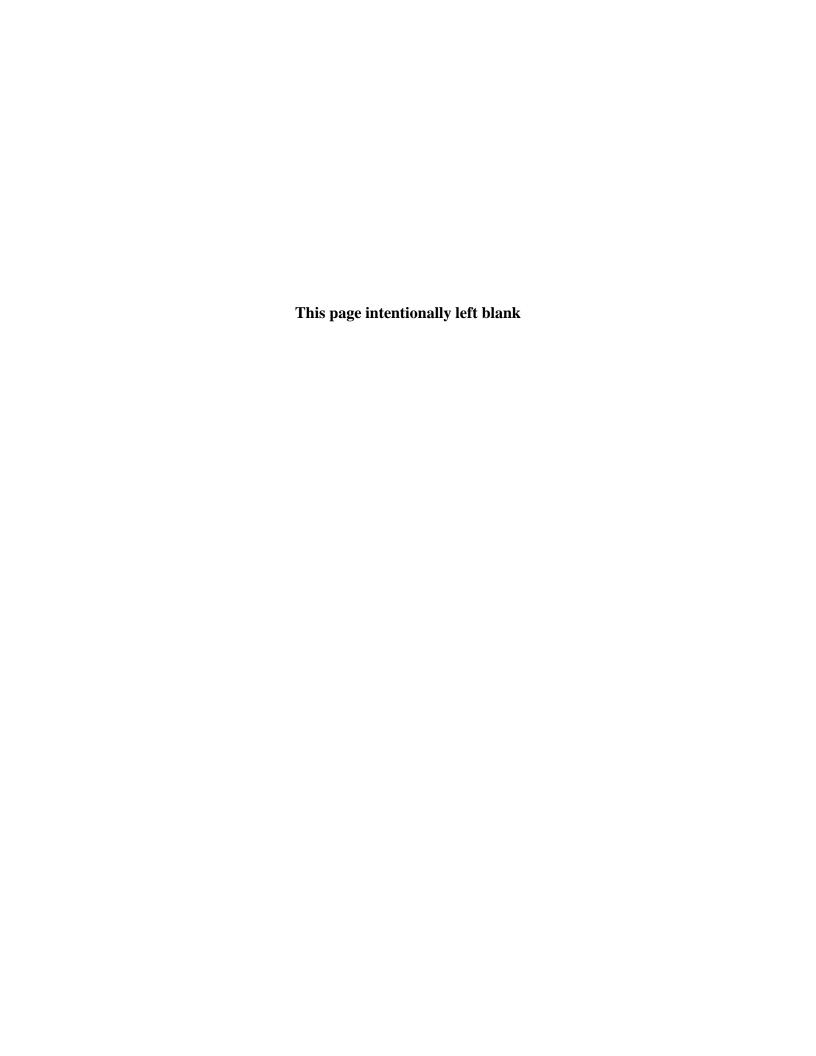
#### **Change in Assumptions:**

The Discount Rate was changed from 2.45% used in the Fiscal Year 2021 valuation to 1.92%, which is the Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The Discount Rate was changed from 3.13% used in the Fiscal Year 2020 valuation to 2.45%, which is the Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's"20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The discount rate was changed from 3.62% used in the fiscal year 2019 valuation to 3.13%, which is the Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% used in the fiscal year 2018 valuation to 3.62%, which is the Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".





# General Fund COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

	Educational Account		Working Cash Account			Total
4.0.00000		T TO COURT		isii i iccount		10001
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	24,742,511	\$	4,949,988	\$	29,692,499
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):						
Property taxes		8,833,312		46,887		8,880,199
Replacement taxes		86,842		-		86,842
Accounts Receivable		6,091		-		6,091
Intergovernmental		301,366			_	301,366
Total assets	\$	33,970,122	\$	4,996,875	\$	38,966,997
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS,						
AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	770,618	\$	-	\$	770,618
Other current liabilities		83,491		-		83,491
Unearned revenue		256,882		-		256,882
Total liabilities		1,110,991				1,110,991
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Property taxes levied for a future period		8,833,312		46,887		8,880,199
Total deferred inflows		8,833,312		46,887		8,880,199
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned		102,063		-		102,063
Unassigned		23,923,756	_	4,949,988		28,873,744
Total fund balance		24,025,819		4,949,988		28,975,807
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,						
and fund balance	\$	33,970,122	\$	4,996,875	\$	38,966,997

### General Fund

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Edu	Educational Working				
		ccount	Cash Account		Total	
Revenues	-					_
Property taxes	\$	19,255,476	\$ 103	3,180	\$	19,358,656
Replacement taxes	·	522,283	,	_		522,283
State aid		8,598,234		_		8,598,234
Federal aid		1,331,529		-		1,331,529
Interest		49,005	7	7,186		56,191
Other		892,672				892,672
Total revenues		30,649,199	110	),366		30,759,565
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		9,842,961		-		9,842,961
Special programs		4,227,593		-		4,227,593
Other instructional programs		753,226		-		753,226
State retirement contributions		7,263,106		-		7,263,106
Support services:						
Pupils		1,804,280		-		1,804,280
Instructional staff		2,193,110		-		2,193,110
General administration		1,712,723		-		1,712,723
School administration		1,150,741		-		1,150,741
Business		1,471,035		-		1,471,035
Central		-		-		-
Community services		140,993		-		140,993
Capital outlay		655,822				655,822
Total expenditures		31,215,590				31,215,590
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(566,391)	110	),366		(456,025)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out		(112,941)	(2,200	(000,		(2,312,941)
Lease liability issued		30,360				30,360
Total other financing uses		(82,581)	(2,200	),000)		(2,282,581)
Net change in fund balance		(648,972)	(2,089	9,634)		(2,738,606)
Fund balance, beginning of year		24,674,791	7,039	9,622		31,714,413
Fund balance, end of year	\$	24,025,819	\$ 4,949	9,988	\$	28,975,807

Debt Service Fund

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

With Comparative Actual Ann		,		
	Original and		Variance	
	Final	A . 1	From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 1,536,000	\$ 1,584,496	\$ 48,496	\$ 1,496,937
Interest on investments	16,000	2,118	(13,882)	16,125
Total local sources	1,552,000	1,586,614	34,614	1,513,062
Total revenues	1,552,000	1,586,614	34,614	1,513,062
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Debt services - interest				
Bonds and other - interest	185,800	191,410	(5,610)	234,779
Total debt service - interest	185,800	191,410	(5,610)	234,779
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,406,700	1,407,194	494	1,309,426
Other debt service				
Other objects	1,000	949	51	52,890
Total	1,000	949	51	52,890
Total debt service	1,593,500	1,599,553	(6,053)	1,597,095
Total expenditures	1,593,500	1,599,553	(6,053)	1,597,095
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(41,500)	(12,939)	28,561	(84,033)

(Continued)

Debt Service Fund

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original and		Variance	•
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Other financing sources				
Transfer to pay principal on GASB 87 leases	\$ 106,700	\$ 107,194	\$ 494	\$ 94,426
Transfer to pay interest on GASB 87 leases		5,747	5,747	12,107
Total other financing sources	106,700	112,941	6,241	106,533
Net change in fund balance	\$ 65,200	100,002	\$ 34,802	22,500
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,754,720		1,732,220
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 1,854,722		\$ 1,754,720

Capital Projects Fund

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original and		Variance	-
	Final		From	2021
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
Expenditures				
Support services				
Facilities acquisition and				
construction services				
Purchased services	\$ 94,000	\$ 56,320	\$ 37,680	\$ 188,751
Capital outlay	2,506,000	1,549,309	956,691	1,200,726
Total support services	2,600,000	1,605,629	994,371	1,389,477
Total expenditures	2,600,000	1,605,629	994,371	1,389,477
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(2,600,000)	(1,605,629)	994,371	(1,389,477)
Other financing sources				
Permanent transfer to capital projects fund	2,600,000	2,422,013	(177,987)	465,003
Total other financing sources	2,600,000	2,422,013	(177,987)	465,003
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	\$ -	816,384	\$ 816,384	(924,474)
Fund deficit, beginning of year		(924,474)		
Fund deficit, end of year		\$ (108,090)		\$ (924,474)

### Fire Prevention and Safety Fund SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Comparative rectain				
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final Budget	2021 Actual
Revenues				
Local sources				
General levy	\$ 267,000	\$ 259,821	\$ (7,179) \$	133,153
Interest on investments	8,000	1,755	(6,245)	9,329
Total local sources	275,000	261,576	(13,424)	142,482
Total revenues	275,000	261,576	(13,424)	142,482
Expenditures				
Support services				
Facilities acquisition and				
construction services Purchased services	7,500	107,868	(100,368)	
Capital outlay	75,000	298,172	(223,172)	745,446
Total	82,500	406,040	(323,540)	745,446
Total support services	82,500	406,040	(323,540)	745,446
Total expenditures	82,500	406,040	(323,540)	745,446
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	192,500	(144,464)	(336,964)	(602,964)
Other financing sources				
Debt issuance	-	-	-	1,705,000
Premium on debt issuance				300,078
Total other financing sources			<u> </u>	2,005,078
Net change in fund balance (deficit)	\$ 192,500	(144,464)	\$ (336,964)	1,402,114
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,402,114	_	-
Fund balance, end of year		\$ 1,257,650	\$	1,402,114
i and barance, end or year		Ψ 1,237,030	Ψ	1,702,11

# STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

### **Statistical Section**

This part of the District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	120 - 131
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	132 - 136
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	137 - 141
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	142 - 143
Operating Information	
These schedules contain information about the District's services and resources to help the reader understand how the District's financial information relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	144 - 151
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.	

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021 ****	2020	2019	2018 *
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital					
assets	\$ 19,329,583	\$ 18,211,545	\$ 17,898,113	\$ 17,135,448	\$ 16,349,418
Restricted	4,795,613	4,641,520	2,390,107	3,055,198	3,243,143
Unrestricted	5,744,677	5,739,768	8,297,554	8,190,441	8,597,138
Total governmental activities					
net position	\$ 29,869,873	\$ 28,592,833	\$ 28,585,774	\$ 28,381,087	\$ 28,189,699

<sup>\*</sup> Note: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions - An amendment of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, which was adopted by the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The District must now record its proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability related to the Teacher Health Insurance Security plan and the total other postemployment benefit liability related to its unfunded retiree health plan.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68) and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 71), which was adopted by the District as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Note: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* (GASB 65), which was adopted by the District as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Bond issuance costs are no longer considered an asset and are expensed in the year they are incurred.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Note: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84), which was adopted by the District as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The student activity fund is now reported as a portion of the General Fund and Governmental Activities.

2017	2016	2015	2014 **	2013 ***
¢ 16 549 112	¢ 15 422 942	¢ 14466 927	¢ 12 267 214	¢ 12.629.201
\$ 16,548,112	\$ 15,432,843	\$ 14,466,827	\$ 13,367,214	\$ 12,638,201
3,540,033	4,807,037	6,781,890	5,387,770	5,613,686
22,809,801	20,602,563	18,123,141	18,587,160	17,463,349
\$ 42,897,946	\$ 40,842,443	\$ 39,371,858	\$ 37,342,144	\$ 35,715,236

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019
Expenses	2022		2021		2020		2017
Instruction:							
Regular programs	\$ 10,587,875	\$	10,859,119	\$	10,463,774	\$	10,538,166
Special programs	4,528,035		4,601,967		4,412,996		4,341,460
Other instructional programs	787,818		624,361		636,897		701,107
State retirement contributions	7,105,468		11,883,588		11,005,176		9,793,512
Support services:							
Pupils	1,533,108		1,909,039		1,701,510		1,559,805
Instructional staff	2,812,102		2,292,957		2,736,201		2,136,235
General administration	1,779,932		2,326,245		1,519,533		1,288,666
School administration	1,172,591		1,179,169		1,205,175		1,119,009
Business	1,487,160		1,284,270		1,343,436		1,664,341
Transportation	1,153,043		614,175		695,924		672,920
Operations and maintenance	1,901,724		1,864,295		1,941,545		1,776,341
Central	20,907		120.007		156 250		9,092
Community services	122,724		139,997		156,358		156,860
Nonprogrammed charges -	-		-		-		-
excluding special education Interest and fees	115,682		218 401		190 969		210 260
	 _	_	218,401	_	180,868	_	210,360
Total expenses	 35,108,169		39,797,583	_	37,999,393		35,967,874
Program Revenues							
Charges for services							
Instruction:							
Regular programs	511,200		448,730		231,109		216,126
Other instructional programs	90,829		103,802		7,664		62,927
Support services:	255 924		26 701		202 202		262 776
Business	255,834		36,701		293,302		262,776
Operations and maintenance	0 142 271		12 724 002		7,200		14,780
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	9,143,271		13,734,902		12,378,470		11,056,388
Capital grants and contributions	 	_		_	50,000	_	
Total program revenues	 10,001,134		14,324,135	_	12,967,745	_	11,612,997
Net (expense)	 (25,107,035)	_	(25,473,448)	_	(25,031,648)	_	(24,354,877)
General revenues							
Taxes:							
Real estate taxes, levied for general purposes	19,358,656		18,928,974		18,667,130		18,310,063
Real estate taxes, levied for specific purposes	3,538,298		3,136,525		2,766,128		2,747,130
Real estate taxes, levied for debt service	1,584,496		1,496,937		1,418,046		1,428,454
Personal property replacement taxes	706,728		326,859		234,595		216,958
State aid-formula grants	1,075,725		1,074,405		1,074,405		1,072,914
Investment earnings	62,030		379,819		1,003,690		692,060
Loss on impairment of investments	-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	 58,142	_	66,612	_	72,341	_	78,686
Total general revenues	 26,384,075	_	25,410,131	_	25,236,335		24,546,265
Change in net position	\$ 1,277,040	\$	(63,317)	\$	204,687	\$	191,388

	2018		2017		2016		2015	2014	2013
\$	10,067,776 4,131,889 723,650 9,656,034	\$	9,207,213 3,901,765 581,376 8,991,926	\$	8,606,697 3,550,669 601,699 6,154,331	\$	8,804,182 3,487,212 581,885 5,093,450	\$ 8,841,563 3,380,775 532,306 4,096,882	\$ 8,121,034 3,164,451 538,591 3,117,157
	1,602,027 2,243,500 1,245,901 1,116,491 1,360,584 603,763 1,978,339		1,500,980 1,889,605 1,218,568 922,124 1,503,186 597,468 1,787,567		1,339,684 1,662,107 1,174,941 897,707 1,376,020 538,347 1,819,023		1,161,991 1,513,446 1,288,225 897,269 1,226,699 474,807 2,049,955	1,137,260 1,447,484 1,074,036 884,855 1,208,291 483,069 1,849,950	1,088,169 1,326,097 1,182,012 879,367 998,498 357,750 2,009,010
	154,406		- 178,577 -		161,087 -		94,226	73,879	57,020 21,571
	247,287		240,879		305,833		90,669	96,339	137,219
	35,131,647		32,521,234		28,188,145	-	26,764,016	 25,106,689	22,997,946
	204,260 71,874		165,422 73,352		172,012 81,673		154,242 80,612	155,338 97,208	129,434 100,151
	237,242 7,400 11,058,207		236,556 6,300 10,739,425		230,548 6,300 7,751,155		228,452 6,670 6,671,972	 226,465 7,800 5,754,000	 148,740 6,100 4,485,333
	11,578,983	_	11,221,055	_	8,241,688		7,141,948	 6,240,811	4,869,758
	(23,552,664)		(21,300,179)		(19,946,457)		(19,622,068)	 (18,865,878)	 (18,128,188)
	17,767,191 2,757,629 1,427,785 194,966 1,071,470 407,709 - 103,247		17,920,829 2,807,034 1,461,072 264,119 514,806 217,696		16,858,825 2,639,987 1,000,297 187,168 468,014 184,212 - 78,539		17,294,127 2,747,143 873,582 234,242 432,485 196,508 (205,148) 78,843	 16,733,117 2,710,670 1,229,356 217,895 411,553 175,406	16,499,482 2,597,421 1,319,943 215,395 410,321 142,984 - 54,729
_	23,729,997		23,355,682		21,417,042		21,651,782	 21,588,422	 21,240,275
\$	177,333	\$	2,055,503	\$	1,470,585	\$	2,029,714	\$ 2,722,544	\$ 3,112,087

## FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021 *		2020		2019
General Fund								
Assigned	\$	102,063	\$	87,053	\$	_	\$	_
Unassigned	_	28,873,744	_	31,627,360	_	33,169,281	_	33,410,155
Total General Fund	\$	28,975,807	\$	31,714,413	\$	33,169,281	\$	33,410,155
All other governmental funds								
Restricted	\$	4,809,161	\$	4,658,916	\$	2,403,942	\$	3,072,446
Unassigned, reported in:								
Capital Projects Fund		(108,090)		(924,474)		-		-
Operations and Maintenance Fund						(42,580)		
Total all other governmental								
funds	\$	4,701,071	\$	3,734,442	\$	2,361,362	\$	3,072,446
Total all governmental funds	\$	33,676,878	\$	35,448,855	\$	35,530,643	\$	36,482,601

GASB 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011. With this implementation, the Educational Fund and Working Cash Fund were reclassified as accounts within the General Fund. GASB 54 also introduced new fund balance classifications.

<sup>\*</sup> Prior years have not been restated for the implementation of GASB 84 in 2021.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
34,142,500	33,325,203	31,682,672	20,580,569	21,424,917	19,720,373
\$ 34,142,500	\$ 33,325,203	\$ 31,682,672	\$ 20,580,569	\$ 21,424,917	\$ 19,720,373
\$ 3,261,979	\$ 3,560,104	\$ 4,828,046	\$ 6,784,850	\$ 5,393,191	\$ 5,607,210
<u> </u>	- -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- -
\$ 3,261,979	\$ 3,560,104	\$ 4,828,046	\$ 6,784,850	\$ 5,393,191	\$ 5,607,210
\$ 37,404,479	\$ 36,885,307	\$ 36,510,718	\$ 27,365,419	\$ 26,818,108	\$ 25,327,583

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Local Sources								
Property taxes	\$	24,481,450	\$	23,562,436	\$	22,851,304	\$	22,485,647
Replacement taxes		706,728		326,859		234,595		216,958
Tuition		90,829		103,802		8,019		62,927
Earnings on investments		62,030		379,819		1,003,690		692,060
Other local sources		825,176		552,043		603,597		572,368
Total local sources		26,166,213		24,924,959		24,701,205		24,029,960
State sources								
Evidence based funding/General State Aid		1,075,725		1,074,405		1,074,405		1,072,914
Other state aid*		7,969,380		7,129,735		6,817,554		6,176,506
		. , ,		. , . ,		- , ,		
Total state sources		9,045,105		8,204,140		7,891,959		7,249,420
Total state sources		7,043,103		0,204,140		7,071,737		7,247,420
Federal sources		1 221 520		1 120 107		615 650		657 224
reuerai sources	_	1,331,529	_	1,120,197		645,658	_	657,334
m I	Ф	26542045	Φ.	24 240 20 5	Φ.	22 220 022	Ф	21.026.51.1
Total	\$	36,542,847	\$	34,249,296	\$	33,238,822	\$	31,936,714

<sup>\*</sup> Includes on-behalf contributions made by the state for TRS and THIS.

2018	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
21,952,605	\$ 22,188,935	\$	20,499,109	\$	20,914,852	\$	20,673,143	\$	20,416,846
194,966	264,119		187,168		234,242		217,895		215,395
71,874	73,352		81,673		80,612		97,208		97,478
407,709	217,696		184,212		196,508		175,406		142,984
576,102	611,418	_	487,399	_	263,059	_	500,028	_	339,003
23,203,256	23,355,520		21,439,561		21,689,273		21,663,680	_	21,211,706
1,071,470	514,806		468,014		432,485		411,553		410,321
10,375,726	10,070,599		7,111,751		6,055,473		5,039,118	_	3,992,829
11,447,196	10,585,405		7,579,765		6,487,958		5,450,671	_	4,403,150
682,481	668,826		639,404		616,499		714,882		495,177
35,332,933	\$ 34,609,751	\$	29,658,730	\$	28,793,730	\$	27,829,233	\$	26,110,033
	21,952,605 194,966 71,874 407,709 576,102 23,203,256 1,071,470 10,375,726 11,447,196 682,481	21,952,605 \$ 22,188,935 194,966 264,119 71,874 73,352 407,709 217,696 576,102 611,418 23,203,256 23,355,520 1,071,470 514,806 10,375,726 10,070,599 11,447,196 10,585,405 682,481 668,826	21,952,605 \$ 22,188,935 \$ 194,966	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109         194,966       264,119       187,168         71,874       73,352       81,673         407,709       217,696       184,212         576,102       611,418       487,399         23,203,256       23,355,520       21,439,561         1,071,470       514,806       468,014         10,375,726       10,070,599       7,111,751         11,447,196       10,585,405       7,579,765         682,481       668,826       639,404	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109       \$ 194,966       264,119       187,168       71,874       73,352       81,673       407,709       217,696       184,212       576,102       611,418       487,399	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109       \$ 20,914,852         194,966       264,119       187,168       234,242         71,874       73,352       81,673       80,612         407,709       217,696       184,212       196,508         576,102       611,418       487,399       263,059         23,203,256       23,355,520       21,439,561       21,689,273         1,071,470       514,806       468,014       432,485         10,375,726       10,070,599       7,111,751       6,055,473         11,447,196       10,585,405       7,579,765       6,487,958         682,481       668,826       639,404       616,499	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109       \$ 20,914,852       \$ 194,966       264,119       187,168       234,242       71,874       73,352       81,673       80,612       407,709       217,696       184,212       196,508       576,102       611,418       487,399       263,059       23,203,256       23,355,520       21,439,561       21,689,273         1,071,470       514,806       468,014       432,485       10,375,726       10,070,599       7,111,751       6,055,473         11,447,196       10,585,405       7,579,765       6,487,958         682,481       668,826       639,404       616,499	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109       \$ 20,914,852       \$ 20,673,143         194,966       264,119       187,168       234,242       217,895         71,874       73,352       81,673       80,612       97,208         407,709       217,696       184,212       196,508       175,406         576,102       611,418       487,399       263,059       500,028         23,203,256       23,355,520       21,439,561       21,689,273       21,663,680         1,071,470       514,806       468,014       432,485       411,553         10,375,726       10,070,599       7,111,751       6,055,473       5,039,118         11,447,196       10,585,405       7,579,765       6,487,958       5,450,671         682,481       668,826       639,404       616,499       714,882	21,952,605       \$ 22,188,935       \$ 20,499,109       \$ 20,914,852       \$ 20,673,143       \$ 194,966       264,119       187,168       234,242       217,895       71,874       73,352       81,673       80,612       97,208       407,709       217,696       184,212       196,508       175,406       576,102       611,418       487,399       263,059       500,028         23,203,256       23,355,520       21,439,561       21,689,273       21,663,680         1,071,470       514,806       468,014       432,485       411,553         10,375,726       10,070,599       7,111,751       6,055,473       5,039,118         11,447,196       10,585,405       7,579,765       6,487,958       5,450,671         682,481       668,826       639,404       616,499       714,882

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Current:					
Instruction					
Regular programs	\$ 9,962,512	\$ 9,967,098	\$ 9,254,551	\$ 9,362,350	\$ 8,985,818
Special programs	4,375,090	4,356,647	4,101,909	4,062,303	3,808,045
Other instructional programs	766,195	580,040	574,658	642,488	658,539
State retirement contributions	7,263,106	6,398,618	6,039,918	5,570,964	9,656,034
Total instruction	22,366,903	21,302,403	19,971,036	19,638,105	23,108,436
Supporting Services					
Pupils	1,855,201	1,971,183	1,652,746	1,512,362	1,506,802
Instructional staff	2,291,216	1,739,094	1,961,519	1,539,291	1,582,024
General administration	1,742,936	2,261,643	1,435,258	1,214,786	1,126,511
School administration	1,189,219	1,148,044	1,087,889	1,067,510	1,047,622
Business	1,689,651	1,306,385	1,257,866	1,509,397	1,229,446
Transportation	1,153,043	614,175	695,924	671,676	603,763
Operations and maintenance	1,776,856	1,754,947	1,787,040	1,750,379	1,811,564
Total supporting services	11,698,122	10,795,471	9,878,242	9,265,401	8,907,732
Community services	156,961	151,649	152,867	156,401	141,099
Nonprogrammed charges					
Total current	34,221,986	32,249,523	30,002,145	29,059,907	32,157,267
Other:					
Debt service:					
Principal	1,407,194	1,309,429	1,265,181	1,259,526	1,229,616
Interest	192,359	287,666	201,711	229,378	265,952
Capital outlay	2,523,645	2,559,920	2,978,155	2,349,807	1,160,926
Total other	4,123,198	4,157,015	4,445,047	3,838,711	2,656,494
Total	\$ 38,345,184	\$ 36,406,538	\$ 34,447,192	\$32,898,618	\$ 34,813,761
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.47%	4.72%	4.66%	4.87%	4.44%

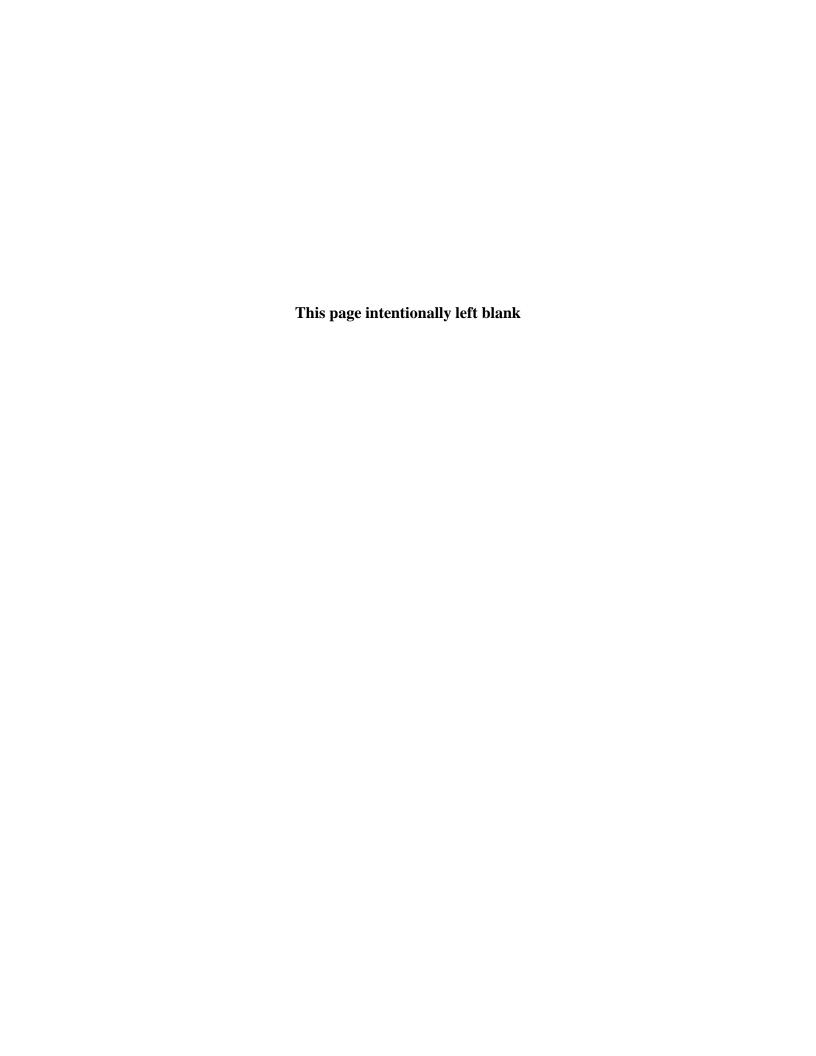
2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 8,506,031	\$ 7,981,875	\$ 8,219,061	\$ 8,392,238	\$ 7,715,088
3,729,665	3,407,377	3,360,262	3,197,862	3,060,153
556,462	579,936	563,690	514,583	522,308
8,991,926	6,154,331	5,093,450	4,096,882	3,117,157
21,784,084	18,123,519	17,236,463	16,201,565	14,414,706
1,463,947	1,336,269	1,159,251	1,136,449	1,087,424
1,261,623	1,157,819	1,061,502	1,011,816	942,354
1,123,643	1,100,375	1,233,018	1,030,651	1,149,735
896,067	887,555	890,537	881,181	867,075
1,398,514	1,368,816	1,212,298	1,185,441	1,267,301
597,468	538,347	474,807	483,069	357,750
1,600,207	1,721,214	1,971,013	1,765,839	1,645,693
8,341,469	8,110,395	8,002,426	7,494,446	7,317,332
163,901	160,361	94,226	73,879	57,020
-	_	48,781	21,571	21,988
30,289,454	26,394,275	25,381,896	23,791,461	21,811,046
1,206,144	1,037,875	1,111,252	1,221,227	1,189,428
285,617	303,035	93,130	107,398	135,125
2,701,082	2,239,583	1,736,069	1,327,550	2,988,036
4,192,843	3,580,493	2,940,451	2,656,175	4,312,589
\$ 34,482,297	\$ 29,974,768	\$ 28,322,347	\$ 26,447,636	\$ 26,123,635
		_ <del></del>		
4.69%	4.83%	4.53%	5.29%	5.73%

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$ (1,802,337)	\$ (2,157,242)	\$ (1,208,370)	\$ (961,904)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Debt issuance	-	1,705,000	-	-	
Premium on debt issuance	-	300,078	-	-	
Lease liability issuance	30,360	-	256,412	40,026	
Transfers in	4,734,954	1,371,536	3,604,013	3,477,100	
Transfers out	(4,734,954)	(1,371,536)	(3,604,013)	(3,477,100)	
Total	30,360	2,005,078	256,412	40,026	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,771,977)	\$ (152,164)	\$ (951,958)	\$ (921,878)	

Note: As originally reported. Prior years, where applicable, have not been changed to reflect restatements for new accounting pronouncements.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 519,172	\$ 127,454	\$ (4,823,567)	\$ 520,164	\$ 1,354,387	\$ (13,185)
-	-	9,300,000	-	-	-
-	-	139,442	-	-	-
-	247,135	21,895	27,147	136,138	21,154
508,286	1,838,832	1,986,648	3,068,068	77,155	3,417,085
(508,286)	(1,838,832)	(1,986,648)	(3,068,068)	(77,155)	(3,417,085)
_	247,135	9,461,337	27,147	136,138	21,154
\$ 519,172	\$ 374,589	\$ 4,637,770	\$ 547,311	\$ 1,490,525	\$ 7,969



# ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN TAX LEVY YEARS

Levy	Assessed Va	aluation	Less:	Total Assessed	Total Direct	Estimated Actual
Year	Residential	Railroad	Exemptions	Value	Rate	Value
2021 *	NA	NA	NA	\$ 594,319,539	4.1934	\$ 1,782,958,617
2020	689,785,259	1,215,739	50,617,314	640,383,684	3.7881	1,921,151,052
2019	603,198,336	1,205,883	47,306,903	557,097,316	4.2316	1,671,291,948
2018	609,548,993	1,162,469	45,718,783	564,992,679	4.0801	1,694,978,037
2017	632,117,133	1,096,241	46,910,501	586,302,873	3.8517	1,758,908,619
2016	515,310,114	1,239,422	30,965,026	485,584,510	4.5420	1,456,753,530
2015	498,613,212	1,150,898	29,415,712	470,348,398	4.6566	1,411,045,194
2014	517,704,053	955,595	30,268,709	488,390,939	4.2790	1,465,172,817
2013	524,218,161	848,119	31,879,987	493,186,293	4.2826	1,479,558,879
2012	564,268,604	269,355	35,087,003	529,450,956	3.9451	1,588,352,868

<sup>\*</sup> Some information in relation to 2021 was not available.

Source: Cook County Clerk

Note: The county assesses property at approximately 33.3% of actual value for all types of real property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by that percentage. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

# PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING RIVER FOREST TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTS\* LAST TEN TAX LEVY YEARS

	2021 ***	2020	2019	2018	2017
District direct rates					
Educational	3.0462	2.6997	3.1340	2.9987	2.8088
Levy adjustment PA-102-0519	0.0100	-	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance	0.3466	0.3217	0.3698	0.3646	0.3514
Working cash	0.0173	0.0161	0.0185	0.0182	0.0176
Special education	0.2600	0.2739	0.3149	0.3105	0.2992
Life safety	0.0433	0.0402	-	-	-
Municipal retirement	0.0520	0.0483	0.0555	0.0547	0.0527
Social security	0.0520	0.0483	0.0555	0.0547	0.0527
Transportation	0.0997	0.0925	0.0231	0.0228	0.0220
Limited bonds	0.2437	0.2260	0.2603	0.2559	0.2473
Life Safety Limited Bonds	0.0226	0.0214			
Total direct	4.1934	3.7881	4.2316	4.0801	3.8517
Overlapping rates					
County of Cook	0.4530	0.4530	0.4540	0.4890	0.4960
Forest Preserve District of Cook County	0.0580	0.0580	0.0590	0.0600	0.0620
Consolidated Elections - Cook County	-	-	0.0300	-	0.0310
Township of River Forest**	0.1010	0.1010	0.1110	0.1070	0.1010
Metropolitan Water Reclamation					
Sanitary District of Greater Chicago	0.3780	0.3780	0.3890	0.3960	0.4020
Community Consolidated High					
School District #200	2.7510	2.7510	3.2500	2.8790	2.9730
Triton Community College District #504	0.2820	0.2820	0.3060	0.3240	0.3060
Des Plaines Mosquito Abatement District	0.0120	0.0120	0.0140	0.0150	0.0150
Village of River Forest & Library Fund	1.3410	1.3410	1.5060	1.4490	1.3680
River Forest Park District	0.2620	0.2620	0.2930	0.2940	0.2760
Total direct and overlapping rate	9.8314	9.4261	10.6436	10.0931	9.8817

Source: Cook County Clerk

Note - There are thirteen other taxing Districts within the boundaries of River Forest Public Schools District 90. These thirteen Taxing Districts are subsumed into three tax code areas. The above table is an attempt to inform the reader about the typical total tax rate paid by River Forest Township taxpayers residing in River Forest Public Schools District 90 - the total tax rate paid in the median tax code area.

<sup>\*</sup>Tax rates are per \$100 of equalized assessed value.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes Township and General Assistance rates.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Overlapping rates for tax year 2021 were not available. Most recent (2020) used.

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
3.3467	3.5000	3.4090	3.4420	3.1341
-	-	-	-	-
0.4242	0.4380	0.4218	0.4177	0.3891
0.0212	0.0219	0.0211	0.0209	0.0195
0.2976	0.2415	0.1588	0.0215	0.0200
-	-	-	-	-
0.0636	0.0602	0.0580	0.0574	0.0535
0.0636	0.0602	0.0580	0.0574	0.0535
0.0265	0.0274	0.0264	0.0261	0.0243
0.2986	0.3074	0.1259	0.2396	0.2511
4.5420	4.6566	4.2790	4.2826	3.9451
0.5330	0.5520	0.5680	0.5600	0.5310
0.0630	0.0690	0.0690	0.0690	0.0630
-	0.0340	-	0.0310	-
0.1180	0.1240	0.1190	0.1150	0.1040
0.4060	0.4260	0.4300	0.4170	0.3700
3.5310	3.6340	2.9240	2.9510	3.2520
0.3300	0.3520	0.3360	0.3250	0.2690
0.0170	0.0170	0.0160	0.0160	0.0150
1.6090	1.6470	1.5650	1.5250	1.3930
0.3240	0.3310	0.3160	0.3070	0.2790
11.4730	11.8426	10.6220	10.5986	10.2211

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS IN THE DISTRICT CURRENT TAX LEVY YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Percentage of
	2020 *	Total 2020
	Equalized	Equalized
	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Valuation
RFTC 1 & 2 Corp Midamerica	\$23,337,102	3.64%
West Suburban Med Ctr	10,460,655	1.63%
Albertson's	5,405,013	0.84%
ARG DI51PCK001 AR GLOB	3,016,019	0.47%
Lakes Venture LLC	1,973,988	0.31%
7820 Madison LLC	1,912,900	0.30%
Jack Strand	1,713,492	0.27%
Co HSA Commercial Re	1,502,330	0.23%
River Forest Tennis Cl	1,302,718	0.20%
Kirk Eye Center	1,199,088	0.19%
Total	\$ 51,823,305	8.09%
		Percentage of
	2011	Total 2011
	Equalized	Equalized
	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Valuation
RFTC 1 Corp Midamerica	\$ 15,279,442	2.67%
VHS Finance Department	4,934,383	0.86%
Albertson's Prop Tax	4,449,549	0.78%
Jack Strand	1,616,918	0.28%
Thomson Tax & Acct. 207	1,597,627	0.28%
Chicago Title Land Turst	1,465,311	0.26%
Kirk Eye Center	1,261,905	0.22%
420 Thatcher LLC	999,580	0.17%
River Forest Tennis Club	969,235	0.17%
Keystone Montessori	850,385	0.15%

<sup>\* \*</sup> Tax Year 2021 values were not available as of the date of this statement.

Source of information: Cook County Clerk's and Assessor's Office

#### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN TAX LEVY YEARS

	Taxes Levied	Collected W Fiscal Year o		Collections in	Total Collect	ion to Date
Levy	For the		Percentage	subsequent		Percentage
Year	Levy Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2021	\$ 24,922,476	\$ 12,973,113	52.1%	\$ -	12,973,113	52.1%
2020	24,257,587	12,524,243	51.6%	11,508,653	24,032,896	99.1%
2019	23,573,526	12,207,698	51.8%	11,038,594	23,246,292	98.6%
2018	23,052,070	11,751,607	51.0%	10,832,062	22,583,669	98.0%
2017	22,582,046	11,716,767	51.9%	10,554,781	22,271,548	98.6%
2016	22,055,851	11,411,305	51.7%	10,345,117	21,756,422	98.6%
2015	21,902,492	11,022,939	50.3%	10,670,637	21,693,576	99.0%
2014	20,897,888	10,795,993	51.7%	9,754,566	20,550,559	98.3%
2013	21,121,115	10,943,003	51.8%	9,851,850	20,794,853	98.5%
2012	20,887,024	10,912,331	52.2%	9,759,702	20,672,033	99.0%

Source of information: Cook County Clerk's Office and Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

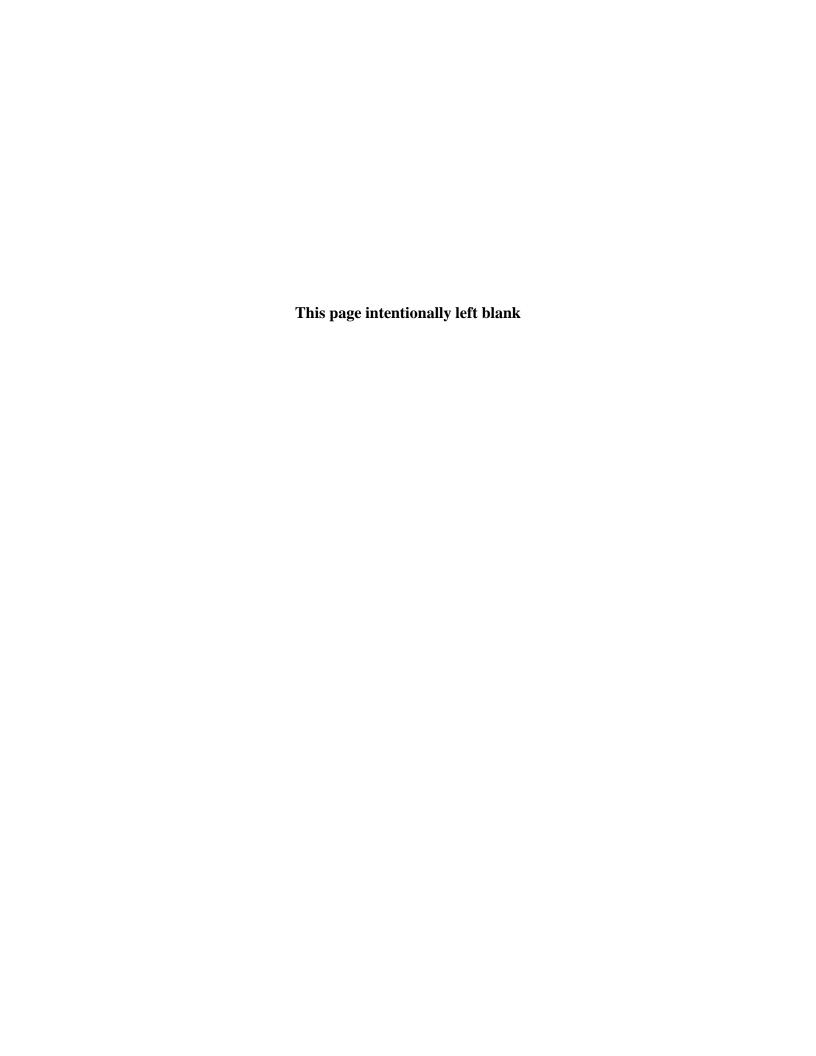
#### RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	(	General Obligation Bonds	Lease Liabilities	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value	Outstanding Debt Per Capita
2022	\$	3,900,000	\$ 48,590	\$ 3,948,590	0.22%	365
2021		5,200,000	125,424	5,325,424	0.28%	492
2020		4,710,000	219,850	4,929,850	0.29%	456
2019		5,880,000	58,619	5,938,619	0.35%	532
2018		7,035,000	123,119	7,158,119	0.41%	641
2017		8,175,000	212,735	8,387,735	0.58%	751
2016		9,300,000	73,114	9,373,114	0.66%	839
2015		975,000	114,094	1,089,094	0.07%	97
2014		2,035,000	138,199	2,173,199	0.15%	195
2013		3,205,000	53,288	3,258,288	0.21%	292

Note: See Demographic and Economic Statistics table for population data.

#### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Less:		Percentage		
		Amounts	Net	of Net General		
	General	Available	General	Bonded Debt	Net (	General
Fiscal	Bonded	To Repay	Bonded	To Estimated	Bond	ed Debt
Year	Debt	Principal	Debt	Actual Valuation	Per	Capita
2022	\$ 3,900,000	\$ 1,854,722	\$ 2,045,278	0.11%	\$	189
2021	5,200,000	1,754,720	3,445,280	0.18%		319
2020	4,710,000	1,732,220	2,977,780	0.18%		275
2019	5,880,000	1,632,077	4,247,923	0.25%		380
2018	7,035,000	1,547,708	5,487,292	0.31%		491
2017	8,175,000	1,478,688	6,696,312	0.46%		599
2016	9,300,000	1,381,376	7,918,624	0.56%		709
2015	975,000	1,625,620	-	0.00%		-
2014	2,035,000	1,851,717	183,283	0.01%		16
2013	3,205,000	1,863,011	1,341,989	0.08%		120



# COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT $\underline{\text{JUNE } 30,2022}$

Governmental Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Overlapping Percent	Net Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping debt:			
County			
County of Cook (2)	\$ 2,425,146,750	0.369%	\$ 8,948,792
Forest Preserve District of Cook County	119,775,000	0.369%	441,970
Metropolitan Water Reclamation			
District of Greater Chicago (1)	2,759,628,416	0.375%	10,348,607
School Districts			
OP/RF High School District 200 (2)	-	24.735%	-
Community College 504 (2)	-	5.864%	-
Municipality			
Village of River Forest (2) (3)	550,000	100.000%	550,000
Total overlapping debt			20,289,369
<b>Direct debt:</b> River Forest Public Schools District 90 (Bonded Debt)	3,900,000	100.000%	3,900,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 24,189,369

Sources: Offices of the Cook County Clerk, Comptroller, and Treasurer of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes IEPA Revolving Loan Fund Bonds.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds which are expected to be paid from sources other than general taxation.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes IEPA loan.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022								
Assessed Valuation					\$	594,319,539		
Debt Limit - 6.9% of Assessed Valuation							\$	41,008,048
Total Debt Outstanding						3,948,590		
Less: Exempted Debt								
Net Subject to 6.9% Limit								3,948,590
Total Debt Margin							\$	37,059,458
				Fisca	l Ye	ar		
		2022		2021		2020		2019
Debt Limit Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	\$	41,008,048 3,948,590	\$	44,186,474 5,325,424	\$	38,439,715 4,929,850	\$	38,984,495 5,938,619
Legal Debt Margin	\$	37,059,458	\$	38,861,050	\$	33,509,865	\$	33,045,876
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limi as a Percentage of Debt Limit	t	10%		12%		13%		15%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 40,454,898 7,158,119	\$ 33,505,331 8,387,735	\$ 32,454,039 9,373,114	\$ 33,698,975 1,089,094	\$ 34,029,854 2,173,199	\$ 36,532,116 3,258,288
\$ 33,296,779	\$ 25,117,596	\$ 23,080,925	\$ 32,609,881	\$ 31,856,655	\$ 33,273,828
18%	25%	29%	3%	6%	9%

# River Forest Public Schools District 90 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population	Estimated Actual Valuation	Per Capita Estimated Actual Valuation	Unemployment Rate
2022	10,816	1,782,958,617	\$ 164,845	4.4%
2021	10,816	1,921,151,052	177,621	7.1%
2020	10,816	1,671,291,948	154,520	3.2%
2019	11,172	1,694,978,037	151,717	3.6%
2018	11,172	1,758,908,619	157,439	4.4%
2017	11,172	1,456,753,530	130,393	5.2%
2016	11,172	1,411,045,194	126,302	5.1%
2015	11,172	1,465,172,817	131,147	6.0%
2014	11,172	1,479,558,879	132,435	7.8%
2013	11,172	1,588,352,868	142,173	7.8%

Source of information: 2022 Illinois Manufacturers' Directory, 2022 Illinois Service Directory, 2022 Harris Illinois Industrial Directory, Phone Canvass, Department of Commerce and Employment Opportunity.

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2022		
Employer	Type of Business or Property	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
Concordia University	Lutheran University	800	16.1%
Oak Park River Forest High School 20	00 Public High School, grades 9-12	675	13.6%
Dominican University	Private University	639	12.8%
River Forest School District 90	Elementary and Secondary School	217	4.4%
Jewel-Osco	Grocery Store and Pharmacy	250	5.0%
Whole Foods	Organic Grocery Store	165	3.3%
Cook County Law Enforcement	Forest Preserve Police Dept Office	110	2.2%
Romano Orthopaedics Center	Orthopedic surgeons, pain managem	96	1.9%
5th Third Bank	Commercial bank	85	1.7%
Village of River Forest	Village Government (FTE)	79	1.6%
	_	3,116	62.6%

20	1	

Employer	Type of Business or Property	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
Concordia University	Higher education	450	8.6%
Dominican University	Higher education	300	5.7%
Jewel Food Stores	Grocery	231	4.4%
River Forest School District 90	Elementary education	187	3.6%
Whole Foods Market	Grocery	180	3.4%
Village of River Forest	Government	91	1.7%
Leos Dancewear Inc	Clothing	75	1.4%
Forest Preserve District	Government	51	1.0%
Dominick's Finer Foods	Grocery	50	1.0%
McNeal River Forest Occ	Healthcare	40	0.8%
		1,655	31.6%

The number of employees reported in the 2013 directories actually list the number of persons employed in 2012. The Illinois Department of Employment Security reports that in 2022 and 2012 the number of persons employed in River Forest was 4,974 and 5,264, respectively.

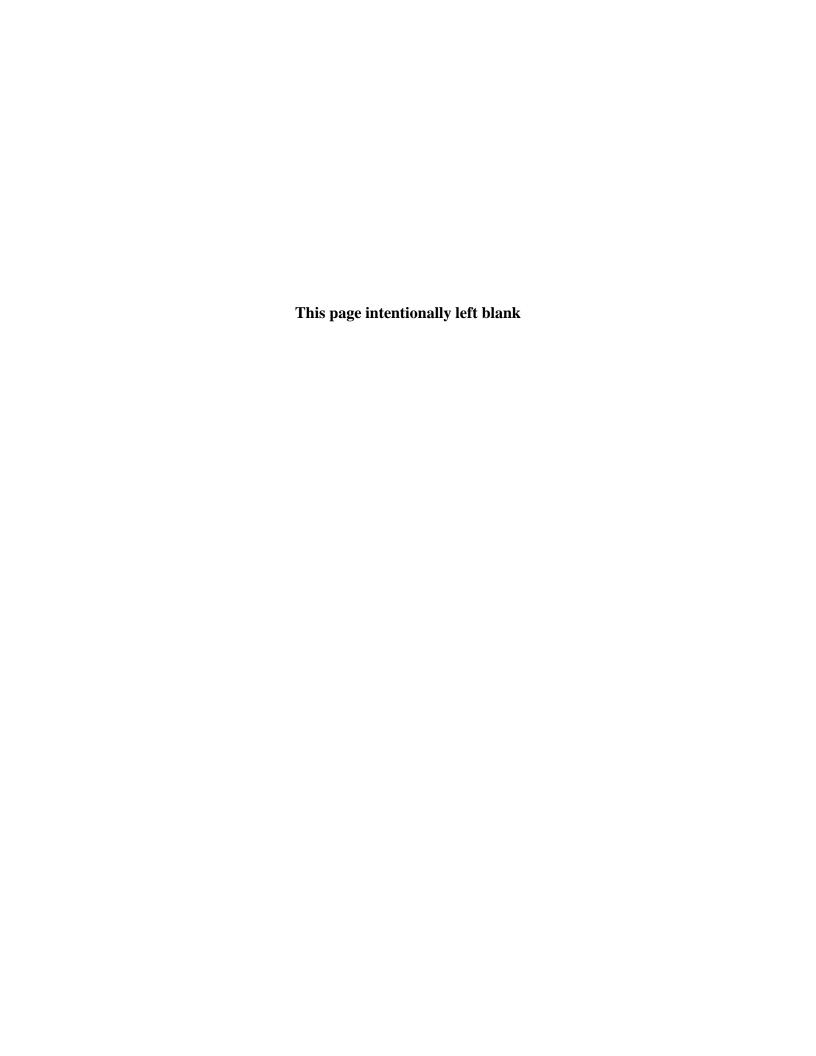
Sources of information: 2022 and 2013 Illinois Service Directory, AtoZDatabase.com - Business Edition database, Village Financial Reports, Illinois Department of Employment Security

#### NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021 - 2022	2020 - 2021	2019 - 2020	2018 - 2019
Administration:				
Superintendent	1	1	1	1
District administrators	3	3	3	3
Principals and assistants	5	5	5	5
Total administration	9	9	9	9
Teachers:				
K-4, music and physical education	61	64	62	61
Middle school	44	43	39	38
Instrumental music	2	2	2	2
Special education	22	21	22	21
Psychologists	2	3	3	3
Social workers and counselors	7	6	7	5
Learning center	3	3	3	3
Total teachers	141	142	138	133
Other supporting staff:				
Clerical 10/12 month	9	9	9	9
Teacher aides	37	34	33	35
Health clerks	4	4	3	3
Custodians and maintenance	13	13	13	13
Technology	5	5	4	4
Communications	1	1	1	1
Total support staff	69	66	63	65
Total staff	219	217	210	207

Source of information: District personnel records

_						
	2017 - 2018	2016 - 2017	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015	2013 - 2014	2012 - 2013
						_
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	3 5	3	3	3	3	3 4
		4	4	4	4	
	9	8	8	8	8	8
	61	55	52	56	56	51
	39	39	39	38	42	37
	2	2	2	2	2	2
	21	21	25	27	23	27
	3	3	3	1	1	1
	5	5	4	4	4	4
	3	3	3	3	3	3
	134	128	128	131	131	125
	9	9	9	9	9	9
	32	36	30	30	29	26
	3	3	3	3	3	3
	13	13	13	13	13	13
	4	4	4	3	3	3
	1	1	1			
	62	66	60	58	57	54
	205	202	196	197	196	187



# NUMBER OF TEACHERS, LEVELS OF DEGREE, AND YEARS OF EXPERIENCE $\underline{\hbox{\tt JUNE 30, 2022}}$

	Education			
Degree	Number of Teachers	% of Total		
Bachelor's	10	7.1 %		
Bachelor's + 15	1	0.7		
Bachelor's + 30	3	2.1		
Master's	51	36.2		
Master's + 15	19	13.5		
Master's + 30	13	9.2		
Master's + 40/Doctorate	28	19.9		
Master's + 60/Doctorate	<u> </u>	11.3		
Total	<u>141</u>	100.0 %		
	Experien	ace		
	Number of	% of		
Years of Experience	Teachers	Total		
)-5	51	36.2 %		
5-10	32	22.7		
1-15	18	12.8		
6-20	21	14.9		
21 and over	19	13.5		
Total	141	100.0 %		

Source of information: District personnel records

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Average Daily Attendance	Operating Costs	Operating Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Allowable Tuition Costs	Tuition Charge Per Pupil
2022	1,266	\$ 28,786,618	20,165	3.08%	\$ 22,474,804	19,289
2021	1,258	24,607,383	19,562	11.69	23,535,072	18,710
2020	1,310	22,942,105	17,514	3.26	22,346,654	17,060
2019	1,311	22,229,382	16,961	5.26	21,391,890	16,322
2018	1,346	21,689,700	16,114	4.47	20,720,055	15,393
2017	1,324	20,423,101	15,425	3.07	19,633,944	14,829
2016	1,312	19,628,418	14,966	-2.32	18,848,674	14,371
2015	1,282	19,646,424	15,321	3.83	18,755,714	14,626
2014	1,303	19,221,575	14,756	4.48	18,247,817	14,008
2013	1,291	18,239,464	14,123	3.55	17,597,088	13,626

<sup>\*</sup>Enrollment as of June 30 of each year

Source of information: Annual financial report, fall housing report, and District personnel records.

				Percentage
				of Students
				Receiving
			Pupil -	Free or
Percentage		Teaching	Teacher	Reduced Price-
Change	Enrollment*	Staff	Ratio	Meals
3.09%	1,405	141	10.0:1	4.77
9.67	1,385	142	9.8:1	4.48
4.52	1,469	138	10.6:1	4.97
6.04	1,477	133	11.1:1	4.74
3.80	1,432	134	10.7:1	5.87
3.19	1,411	128	11.0:1	5.95
-1.74	1,370	128	10.7:1	4.96
4.41	1,355	131	10.3:1	7.01
2.80	1,339	131	10.2:1	5.83
7.19	1,336	125	10.7:1	5.39

# SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Lincoln Elementary School				
Square Feet	46,180	46,180	46,180	46,180
Capacity (Students)	428	428	428	428
Enrollment*	359	354	390	418
Willard Elementary School				
Square Feet	49,574	49,574	49,574	49,574
Capacity (Students)	459	459	459	459
Enrollment*	384	364	406	389
Roosevelt Middle School				
Square Feet	82,620	82,620	82,620	82,620
Capacity (Students)	830	830	830	830
Enrollment*	662	667	673	670

<sup>\*</sup>Enrollment as of June 30 of each year

Source of information: District architectural records and student attendance records

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
46,180	46,180	46,180	40,900	40,900	40,900
428	428	428	379	379	379
403	394	391	374	382	382
46,499	46,499	46,499	46,499	46,499	46,499
431	431	431	431	431	431
388	357	312	329	286	323
82,620	82,620	82,620	82,620	82,620	82,620
830	830	830	830	830	830
641	660	667	652	671	631

# MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS <u>JUNE 30, 2022</u>

**Location:** About 11 miles west of Chicago Loop,

8 miles south of O'Hare Int'l. Airport

**Date of Organization:** 1850

**Population Served:** 10,816 (2020 U.S. Census)

Median Household Income: \$129,928 (2020 U.S. Census)

Median Home Value: \$596,900 (2020 U.S. Census)

**Area Served:** 2.25 Square Miles

**Number of Schools:** Two Elementary Schools

One Middle School

Student Population: 1,405

Certified Teaching Staff: 141

Pupil/Certified Teaching Staff Ratio: 10.0:1

Faculty Holding Master's Degree or Higher: 90.1%

Source of information: 2020 U.S. Census, District personnel records and student attendance records.